



Chiller and Inverter Air/Water heat pumps with axial fans

# Controller Manual

## Models

i-290 0106  
i-290 0109  
i-290 0112  
i-290 0115  
i-290 0118



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The electrical and electronic products and any waste should not be disposed of with normal household waste, but disposed of according to WEEE law in accordance with the directive 2012/19/EU, inquiring thereof at the place of residence or with the retailer in the case where the product is replaced with a similar one.



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## 1. HOW TO KEEP THE MANUAL

The company reserves the right to modify its products and related manuals without necessarily updating previous versions of the reference material. We also decline any responsibility for possible inaccuracies in the manual if due to printing or transcription errors. The customer shall store any updated copy of the manual or parts of it delivered by the manufacturer as an attachment to this manual. The company is available to give any detailed information about this manual and to give information regarding the use and the maintenance of its own units.

### 1.1 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS USED IN THE MANUAL

	Indicates prohibited operations.
	Indicates potentially hazardous situation for people and/or the proper functioning of the unit.
	Hazardous electrical voltage - Electrocution hazard.
	Indicates important information that the operator has to follow in order to guarantee the correct operation of the unit in complete safety. Also indicates some general information.

## 2. PERMITTED USED

- The company excludes any contractual and extra contractual liability for damage caused to persons, animals or objects, by incorrect installation, setting and maintenance, improper use of the equipment, and the partial or superficial reading of the information contained in this manual.
- These units are built for the heating and/or cooling of water. Any other use not expressly authorised by the manufacturer is considered improper and therefore not allowed.
- All the work must be executed by skilled and qualified personnel, competent on the existing regulations in country of installation.
- This appliance is intended to be used by expert or trained operators in shops, light industry and in factories, or for commercial use by non-expert personnel.
- The appliance may be used by children at least 8 years old and by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or without experience or the necessary knowledge as long as they are supervised or after they themselves have received instructions on the safe use of the appliance and understand the relevant dangers. Children must not play with the appliance. The cleaning and maintenance which the user is expected to carry out on the unit cannot be done by children without supervision.

## 3. GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES

Before starting any type of operation on the unit, every user and operator must have perfect knowledge of operation of the machine and of its controls and have read and understood all of the information in this manual and in the user-installer manual.

### 3.1 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Refer to the user-installer manual which accompanies the unit.

### 3.2 WORKERS' HEALTH AND SAFETY

Refer to the user-installer manual which accompanies the unit.

	<b>IT IS PROHIBITED:</b>
	<b>To remove and/or to tamper with any safety device.</b>
	<b>For unauthorised personnel to access the electric panel.</b>
	<b>To work on live systems.</b>
	<b>To touch the systems if not authorised to do so.</b>
	<b>To allow children or unassisted disabled persons to use the appliance.</b>
	<b>To touch the appliance when barefoot or parts of the body are wet or damp.</b>
	<b>To perform any cleaning operation when the master switch is 'ON'.</b>
	<b>To pull, detach or twist the appliance's electric cables.</b>
	<b>To step on, sit down on and/or place any type of object on the appliance.</b>
	<b>To spray or pour water directly on the unit.</b>
	<b>To dispose of, abandon or leave within reach of children packaging materials (cardboard, staples, plastic bags, etc.) as they may represent a hazard for the environment and one's life.</b>
	<b>To tamper with or replace parts of the unit without the specific consent of the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall have no responsibility whatsoever in case of unauthorised operations.</b>
	<b>CAUTION:</b>
	<b>Refer to the user-installer manual which accompanies the unit before proceeding.</b>
	<b>All the operation described below must be done by QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY.</b>
	<b>The electrical wiring to the terminal blocks has to be done only by qualified personnel.</b>
	<b>Any routine and/or extraordinary maintenance operation must be carried out with the machine stopped and disconnected.</b>
	<b>Do not place your hands or introduce screwdrivers, spanners or any other tools on moving parts.</b>
	<b>The machine operator and maintenance personnel must receive suitable training for the performance of their tasks in safety.</b>
	<b>Only authorised personnel are allowed to have access to the electric panel.</b>
	<b>Operators must know how to use personal protective equipment and the accident-prevention rules of national and international laws and regulations.</b>
	<b>The operator's workplace has to be kept clean, tidy and clear of objects that may hinder free movement. Appropriate lighting of the work place shall be provided so as to allow the operator to carry out the required operations safely. Poor or excessive lighting can cause risks.</b>
	<b>Ensure that work places are always adequately ventilated and that the extraction systems are working, in good condition and in compliance with the requirements of the laws in force.</b>
	<b>Not all of the configurations described can be activated and/or modified at the same time.</b>
	<b>Values other than the default values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit. For further information regarding the value to set, you can refer directly to ADVANTIX S.p.a.</b>
	<b>The company excludes any contractual and extra contractual liability for damage caused to persons, animals or objects, by incorrect installation, setting and maintenance, improper use of the equipment, and the partial or superficial reading of the information contained in this manual.</b>

The power supply has to respect the limits shown on the unit's technical label: failing this, the warranty shall expire immediately. Before beginning any type of operation, make sure that power is disconnected.

Connect the conductors in order: phase, neutral and earth.



Dimensioning of the power cables must take into consideration the TECHNICAL DATA provided in the user-installer manual accompanying the unit. Also consider any auxiliary heating devices.

Effective earthing is mandatory; the manufacturer is not responsible for damage caused in its absence.

When undergoing maintenance, the unit must be disconnected from the power supply, and it must be unplugged in such a way that the operator can verify from wherever he accesses that the plug remains disconnected.

Use cables that meet the regulations in force in the different countries.

After the unit has been running for 10 minutes, make sure that the screws on the power terminal block remain secured.



Install upstream of each unit a suitable QF protective device and power disconnector, with delayed characteristic curve, with at least 3 mm contact opening and adequate breaking capacity and residual current protection. The size of the circuit breaker must comply with absorption of the unit. See the TECHNICAL DATA in the user-installer manual which accompanies the unit. Also consider any auxiliary heating devices.

Before performing any operations on the electric panel, IT IS MANDATORY:

To switch off the unit from the control panel ("OFF" displayed).

To place the general residual current device QF at "OFF".

To wait 15 seconds before accessing the electric panel.

To check the grounding before performing any operation.

To remain well isolated from the ground, with dry hands and feet, or using insulated platforms and gloves.

To keep foreign materials away from the system.

## 4. PURPOSE AND CONTENTS OF THE MANUAL

The manual is intended to provide the essential information to configure the controller of the units.

It is addressed to the installer and operators of the appliance and it enables them to use the equipment efficiently, even if they do not have any previous specific knowledge of it.

Not all of the functions described can be activated and/or selected at the same time. Contact our headquarters for further information.

The manual describes the machine at the moment it was sold. It must therefore be considered adequate with respect to the state-of-the-art in terms of potentiality, ergonomics, safety and functionality.

The company also performs technological upgrades and does not consider itself obliged to update the manuals of previous machine versions which could even be incompatible. Therefore make sure to use the supplied manual for the installed . Contact our headquarters in case of updates or doubts.

The user is recommended to follow the instructions contained in this booklet, especially those concerning safety and routine maintenance.

## 5. USER INTERFACE - CONTROL

Included with each unit is the i-CR remote keypad. There are 6 capacitive keys.

ON/OFF BACKLIGHT



CHRONOTHERMOSTAT

UP

CHANGE SEASON

DOWN

ENTER

KEY	DESCRIPTION
	ON/OFF BACKLIGHT Function that works at the thermostat level, switches LEDs and backlight off/on. When the keypad is in OFF mode, does not accept commands. This function has no effect on machine control, but enables/disables thermostat interaction. Allows you to exit the menu. If pressed for 3 seconds, activates standby mode and locks the keyboard (lock icon appears). This functionality has no effect on the machine control, but enables/disables user interaction with the thermostat keyboard.
	UP It allows you to move to a higher menu or to increase the value of a parameter.

KEY	DESCRIPTION
	DOWN It allows you to move to a lower menu or to decrease the value of a parameter.
	CHRONOTHERMOSTAT Allows to set the operating bands for thermostation on the room temperature detected by the probe present in the i-CR.
	CHANGE SEASON KEY To change the season press for 3 seconds or switch the heat pump or chiller OFF.
	ENTER KEY It allows you to enter menu or to confirm a parameter.

LED backlighting is switched off if the keyboard has not been used for more than 1 minute. In this case, the first press on a key reactivates the keyboard by making the LEDs light up, but the function associated with the key is not executed.

## 6. I-CR INSTALLATION

The control is designed for wall mounting according to DIN 503. Indoor use.

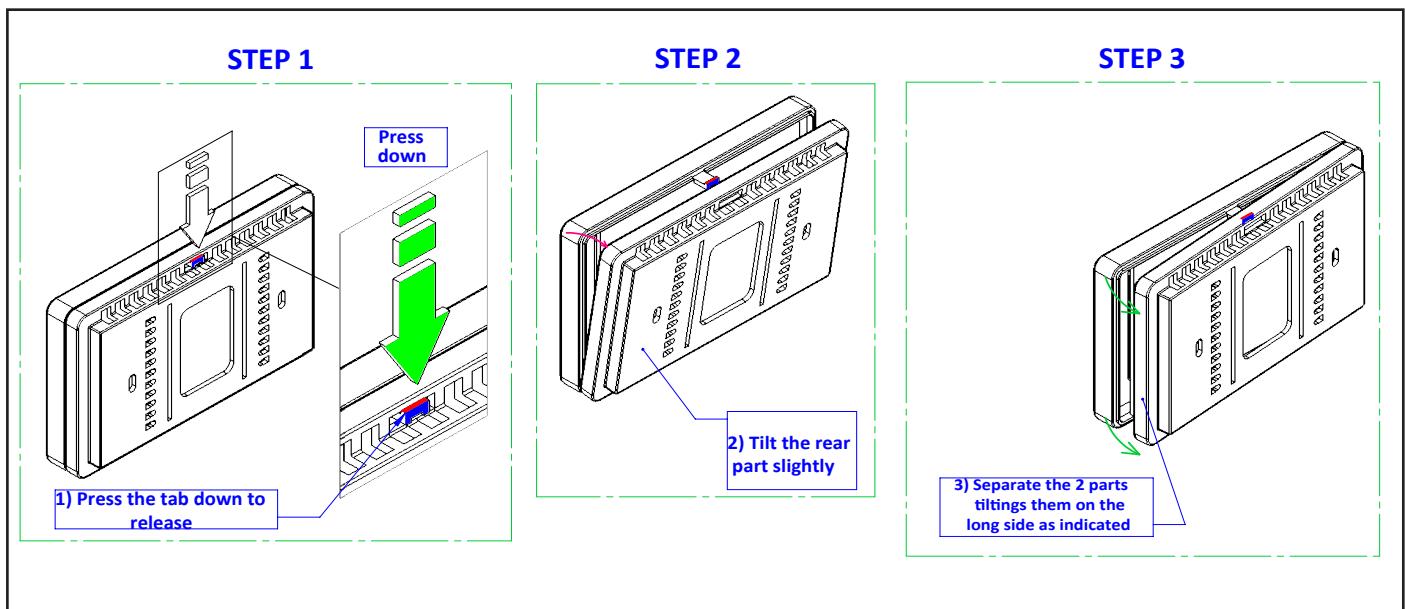
On the back of the control, there are pre-drilled slots to be removed by applying pressure with a screwdriver, so that the holes for fastening can be drilled.

Before doing so, open the control itself, applying light pressure to the bottom and top of the control, so as to separate the back panel from the front panel.

Use the back panel and drill the holes in the two slots.

Do not use the panel directly as a template to drill holes in the wall, the electronics could be damaged during this operation.

In detail follow the following steps to open the i-CR:



## 7. I-CR CONNECTIONS

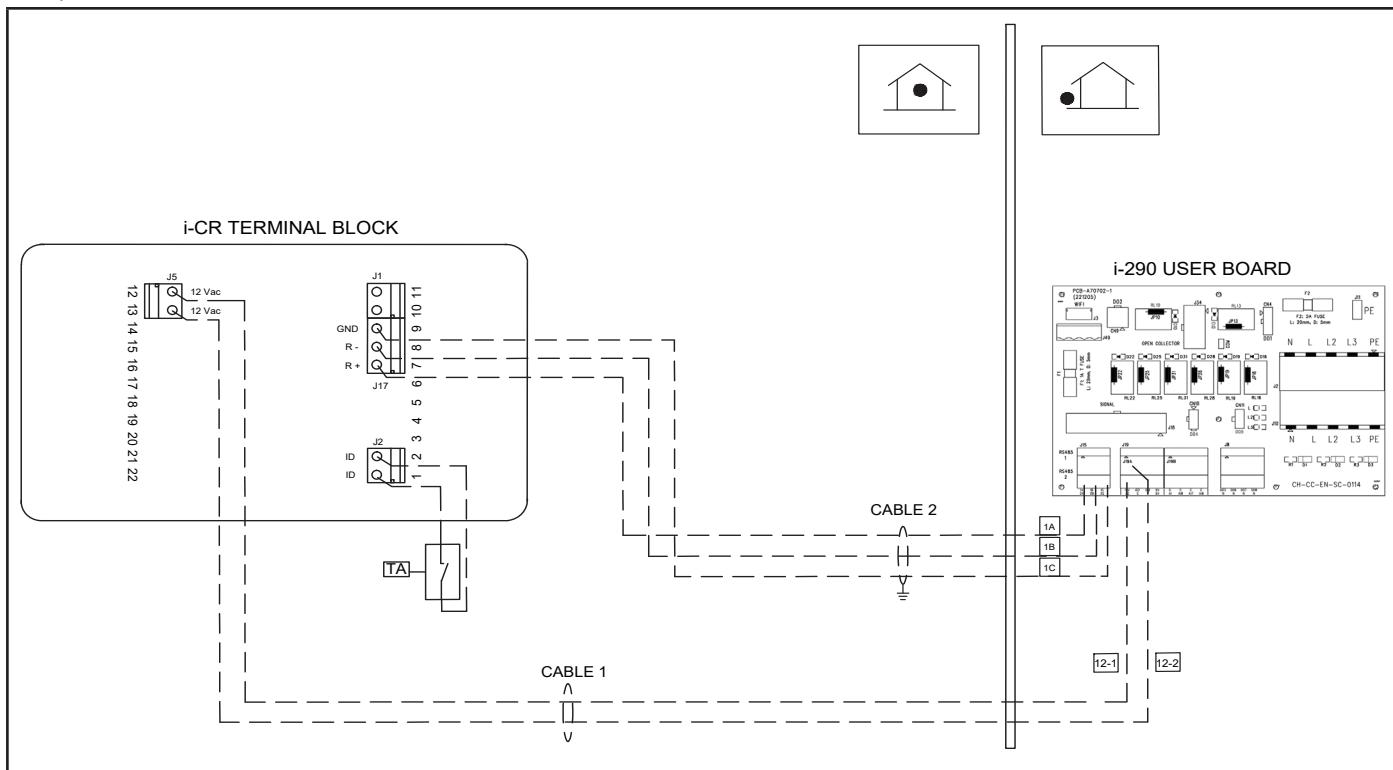
Two connection cables are required between chiller unit or heat pump and i-CR remote control:

- 3X1.5mmq shielded twisted pair cable for Modbus R+/R-/GND communication.
- 2x1.5mmq cable for 12Vac power supply.

	DESCRIPTIONS	i-CR TERMINALS	CHILLER OR HEAT PUMP TERMINALS	NOTE
<b>CABLE 1</b>	POWER SUPPLY	PIN 12	12Vac	
		PIN 13	12Vac	
<b>CABLE 2</b>	COMMUNICATION	PIN 9	GND RS485	SHIELDED AND TWISTED CABLE
		PIN 7	RS485 +	
		PIN 8	RS485 -	

	DESCRIPTIONS	i-CR TERMINALS	CHILLER OR HEAT PUMP TERMINALS	NOTE
CABLE 3	DIGITAL INPUT	PIN 1 PIN2		VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT

Example of connection to an i-290 unit:



## 7.1 MENU

Press Enter to enter the first-level menu. The following items appear here:

With the arrow keys you navigate through the possible entries, with the **Enter** key you select the chosen menu, with the **ON/OFF KEY** you exit again.

MENU	LABEL	PASSWORD LEVEL	OTHER CONDITIONS
Water Setpoint (in cool and heat, eco and normal)	Set	User	---
Ambient setpoint (in cold and heat, eco and normal)	SetA	User	---
i-CR Remote Keypad Mode of Operation	ModE	User	---
Alarms	Err	User	Only if active alarms
Setting date and hours	Date	User	---
Password	PSS	User	---
Machine parameters and thermostat rooms	Par	Installer	---
Operating hours	oHr	Installer	---
USB	USb	Installer	Only with pen drive with relevant update files
Firmware version of the control inside the electrical panel	Fir	Installer	Version, Revision and Sub
Alarm history	Hist	Installer	Only if data are present in the history
Menu with manual forcing	For	Installer	---
System Status Menu	SYS	Installer	---

The PSS menu is accessed to enter the service password and to enable access with a higher user permission. Once you exit the menu completely, you lose the password privilege and must enter it again.

### 7.1.1 Set

Setting **WATER** setpoint cooling and heating.

Water setpoint	Default
Coo	7.0°C
HEA	45.0°C

Water setpoint	Default
SAN	48.0°C
SAN2	45.0°C
COO2	18.0°C
HEA2	35.0°C

### 7.1.2 SetA

Setting of AMBIENT setpoints (i-CR on-board probe measurements). Disabled in diS mode.

Setp	Default
Coo	25.0°C
HEA	20.0°C
CooE	30.0°C
HEAE	15.0°C

### 7.1.3 ModE

Selecting the ModE menu sets the type of operation (default operation mode is 'diS').

	diS: Ambient thermostat function disabled. This mode can be recognised by the fact that neither the manual icon nor the chronothermostat icon appears. The icon with the drop symbol is present. The temperature displayed is that of the control probe of the heat pump or chiller. The symbol is only displayed when the machine is ON. In this mode, air sets are not be settable (menu SetA does not appear).
	ComF: Ambient thermostat function active. The thermoregulation request will be evaluated based on the temperature read by the thermostat and the normal seasonal room set. The temperature displayed is the air temperature read by the probe on board the i-CR thermostat. This mode can be recognised by only the presence of the manual symbol.
	Eco: ECO function manual. The thermoregulation request will be evaluated based on the temperature read by the thermostat and the ECO seasonal room set. This mode can be recognised by the presence of the manual and leaf icon.
	OFF: Ambient thermostat in manual OFF. Ambient thermoregulation will always be sent to the machine. This mode can be recognised by the presence of the manual and the moon icon.
	Cron: Active chronothermostat. The thermoregulation request follows the programming of the weekly chronothermostat which in turn can be in one of the following bands: OFF Eco ComF This mode can be recognised by the presence of the clock indicating the active chronothermostat, the active time zone can be identified by the presence or absence of the moon and leaf symbols. This menu is always accessible. To set the chronothermostat see chapter 8.14.

### 7.1.4 Err

In this menu you can see the abbreviations of the current alarms active on the chiller or heat pump.

Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to scroll through the various alarms present.

If there are no alarms, the message '**noAL**' appears.

The presence of an error on the chiller or heat pump can be recognised by the presence of the icon. Manual reset of machine alarms: This is done automatically by switching the machine to OFF with the MODE button (if there is an alarm signal on the screen).

### 7.1.5 Date

Setting date and hour:

- YEAr: from 2018 to 2099
- Mon: from 1 (January) to 12 (December)
- DAy: from 1 to 31 (with dynamic limitation for some months/years)
- Hour: from 00:00 to 23:59

The day of the week is calculated automatically.

Daylight saving time handled automatically with EU rule.

On the display, by default, day 1 is Monday and day 7 is Sunday. By setting parameter K50 = 1, day 1 will be Sunday.

Note: When at start-up the board detects that the date and time have been reset, this menu is automatically presented to ask for the date and time to be entered.

## 7.1.6 PSS

Setting password to enter in the installer menu.

## 7.1.7 Par

This menu gives access to all machine parameters. The parameters are collected in groups, each group is identified by a three-digit code, while the index of each parameter is preceded by a letter.

DESCRIPTION	GROUP IDENTIFICATION CODE	PARAMETER INDEX	VISIBILITY
<b>Configuration i-CR</b>	KBT	K01-	User/Installer
<b>Configuration</b>	CnF	H01-	Installer
<b>Compressor</b>	CP	C01-	Installer
<b>Alarms</b>	ALL	A01-	Installer
<b>Regulation</b>	rE	b01-	Installer
<b>Pump</b>	PUP	P01-	Installer
<b>Heating elements</b>	Fro	r01-	Installer
<b>Defrosting</b>	dFr	d01-	Installer
<b>Hz min / max</b>	LbH	L0-	Installer
<b>*Solar</b>	SUn	S01-	Installer
<b>*Mixer valve</b>	rAD	i01-	Installer

(\*) To be configured if Gi module present.

To access the installer parameters: PRG -> PSS -> PRG -> (insert installer password) ->PRG ->Par -> PRG.

In the KBT "display configuration" group are the configurations for remote control i-CR:

Code	Description	Default value	Minimum limit	Maximum limit	Unit	PSW
K01	Baudrate serial Modbus 0 = 4800 baud 1 = 9600 baud 2 = 19200 baud 3 = 38400 baud	1	0	3	Num.	U
K02	Modbus serial parity 0 = No parity with 2 stop bits 1 = ODD parity with 1 stop bit 2 = EVEN parity with 1 stop bit 3 = No parity with 1 stop bit	2	0	3	Num.	U
K03	Modbus communication timeout	60	0	120	s	U
K30	Backlight power	100%	10	100	%	I
K31	Automatic menu exit timeout 0: No timeout managed N > 0: After N seconds without pressing any buttons you return to the main page	0	0	120	s	U
K32	Timeout for switching to standby 0 = Standby not managed	60	0	120	s	U
K33	Standby brightness K33 = 0: off K33 > 0: Percentage brightness compared to normal operation	100%	0	100	%	U
K50	Weekday offset 0 = Monday is day 1 1 = Sunday is day 1	0	0	1	Num.	I
K100	Temperature probe calibration	0	-10.0	10.0	°C	I

## 7.1.8 OPERATING [oHr]

This displays the operating hours of the compressor (oH1) and of the circulator (oHP1), and the number of compressor starts (cc1).  
Pressing ESC for 3 seconds resets the currently displayed count.

Please note that the menu is password-protected.

## 7.1.9 USB MENU [USB]

Only visible with pen drive with related files (formatted in FAT32).

The following are the functions available by using the USB pen drive connected the board.

Please note that the menu is password-protected.

**CAUTION**

All the operations with **INSTALLER** visibility must be carried out by **QUALIFIED PERSONNEL**.

The company excludes any contractual and extra contractual liability for damage caused to persons, animals or objects, by incorrect installation, setting and maintenance, improper use of the equipment, and the partial or superficial reading of the information contained in this manual.

### 7.1.9.1 FIRMWARE UPDATE [UPdF]

In case of firmware update, it is possible to make the upgrade by means of a USB pen drive, using the USB port in the controller.

For the upgrade:

1. Copy the upgrade files in the root directory of a USB pen-drive;
2. Set the unit in Standby and shut it down by placing the master switch at OFF;
3. Insert the pen-drive into the USB port of the controller;
4. Power on the unit, placing the master switch at ON;
5. Access the parameters PRG -> PSS -> PRG -> (enter Service password) -> PRG -> USB -> UPdF -> PRG. Selecting this item starts the automatic firmware upgrade procedure. The display shows a count indicating the transferred Kbytes. When the counts ends the firmware is correctly loaded;
6. When the installation is complete, the board returns to normal operation and the machine is ready to be activated;
7. Switch off the unit, placing the master switch at OFF;
8. Wait 5 minutes for complete discharge of the compressors;
9. Remove the pen drive from the USB port;
10. Power on the unit, placing the master switch at ON.

### 7.1.9.2 PARAMETERS UPDATE [UPPA]

In case of parameters update, it is possible to make the upgrade by means of a USB pen drive, using the USB port in the controller.

For the upgrade:

1. Copy the upgrade parameter files in the root directory of a USB pen-drive;
2. Set the unit in Standby and shut it down by placing the master switch at OFF;
3. Insert the pen-drive into the USB port of the controller;
4. Power on the unit, placing the master switch at ON;
5. Access the parameters PRG -> PSS -> PRG -> (enter service password) -> PRG -> USB -> UPPA -> PRG. Selecting this item starts the automatic parameters upgrade procedure. The display shows a count indicating the transferred Kbytes;
6. When the count is over, switch off the unit, placing the master switch at OFF;
7. Remove the pen drive from the USB port;
8. Power on the unit, placing the master switch at ON.

### 7.1.10 MENU VERSIONE FIRMWARE [Fir]

Firmware Version (uEr), Firmware revision (rEu) and sub (sUb) can be displayed.

Please note that the menu is password-protected.

### 7.1.11 HIST

This menu is used to display the alarm history saved in the machine. The alarms are displayed in reverse chronological order, the most recent alarm is displayed first. Use the Up and Down buttons to scroll through the various records present. In the transitions where the thermostat reads the new alarm, dashes briefly appear dashes appear briefly, indicating that the value is not yet available. The acronym of the saved alarm (Exxx) is displayed by default. Repeatedly pressing the Enter key scrolls the other date in the record which are:

- Alarm time in hh:mm format (24 hours)
- Day of month 'd0xx' (where xx = 1 - 31)
- Month 'M0xx' (where xx = 1 - 12)
- Year "y0xx" (where xx = 0 - 99)

In the event that the board at the time of the alarm did not have a valid date and time available, the conventional time shown is in days and hours since the last power-on of the board. In this case, the month and year fields do not appear and the day field can also be 0.

Note:

In the alarm history also ends the event of successful disinfection, in this case 'ALOK' appears instead of the alarm acronym.

### 7.1.12 For

This menu, which is accessible with at least the installer password, allows certain forcings to be activated on the machine:

- **dEFr:** Used to activate a manual defrost cycle. Pressing the Enter key sends the command to the machine and exits the menu.
- **PumP:** This is used to manually activate the system pump to carry out a system bleed. Pressing the Enter key sends the command to the machine and exits the menu. Note that the command is only accepted by the machine if it is set to OFF.
- **ALEG:** It is possible to force an anti-legionella disinfection cycle in manual mode (see For menu). Once the forcing has been sent to the machine via the menu, it is kept active for 60 minutes. In the event of a power failure during these 60 minutes, the request is lost. To be able to perform the anti-legionella function, the following resources must be enabled on the heat pump:

The DHW must be enabled: H10 > 0.

The DHW integration resistors must be enabled: r15 > 0 and there must be a digital output configured for this purpose (value 26).

The DHW temperature probe must be configured and present (value 6).

- **ClrC:** This item is used to manually activate the system pump for recirculation with the pump at 100% for 1 hour. Pressing Enter sends the command to the machine and exits the menu. Pressing Enter again on the item with an active function the forcing is terminated. Note that the command is only accepted by the machine if it is set to OFF. The machine exits this mode if you leave the OFF condition, even if the entire forcing time has not yet elapsed.
- **SoIP:** This item is used to manually activate the solar pump. Pressing the Enter key sends the command to the machine and exits the menu. By pressing Enter again on the entry with active function, the forcing is terminated. Note that the command is only accepted

by the machine only if it is set to OFF. The machine exits this mode if you leave the OFF condition.

### 7.1.13 SYS

System status menu, in this menu you can see some system parameters:  
With the **UP** and **DOWN KEYS** you select which status to see.  
Pressing the **ENTER KEY** toggles between the name of the status and its value.

Status	Meaning
S001	Unit inlet water probe temperature
S002	Unit flow water probe temperature
S003	Sanitary probe temperature
S004	System remote probe temperature
S005	Outside air probe temperature
S006	Thermostat firmware version
S007	Suction pressure
S008	Discharge pressure
S009	Compressor suction probe temperature
S010	Compressor delivery probe temperature
S011	Solar collector probe temperature
S012	Solar storage tank probe temperature
S013	Temperature of DHW preparer flow sensor
S014	Flow [L/min]
S015	Mixer valve flow temperature probe

Note: Show '----' if value not available.

## 7.2 DISPLAY

In standard operation, the display shows the water outlet temperature in tenths of Celsius degrees or the alarm code if at least one is active. If several alarms are triggered, the first one is displayed while the second one will be displayed as soon as the first one is reset. In menu mode, the display depends on the current position.

Below is a list of the main icons with their meanings:

ICON	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
	Cooling	ON Fixed: operation mode Cooling
	Heating	ON Fixed: operation mode Heating
	Sanitary	ON fixed: Sanitary enabled Flashing: Sanitary in progress
	Water drop	On when the main page displays machine water temperature instead of room temperature.
	Manual	When the chronothermostat is not active but the "mode" setting is.
	Maximum Hz	ON when maximum Hz function is active.
	Chronothermostat	Visible when the ambient chronothermostat is operative.

ICON	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
	Economy	Eco mode active (from manual or chrono-programme band).
	Off mode	Off mode (from manual or chrono-programme band).
	Password active	Indicates that you have access to menus under a password. The dots next to it indicate the password level entered.
	Padlock	Indicates active keypad lock.
	Alarm	Indicates that an alarm is present.
	Error link	Indicates lack of communication with the unit.
	Pump	On fixed when the pump of the unit is active.
	Compressor	Flashing: Unit on call. Steadily lit: at least 1 compressor running.
	Antilegionella	On fixed: Disinfection cycle. Flashing: last cycle not executed.
	Antifreeze	On fixed when antifreeze resistances are activated, if present.
	Solar	On fixed when solar pump is activated, if present.
	Resistors	Fixed on when system integration or DHW heating elements are active, if present.
	Boiler	On fixed when boiler enable is active, if present.
	Defrost	On fixed when defrosting in progress.

### 7.3 KEYPAD LOCK

- AUTOMATIC:** An automatic (standby) keypad lock is managed: after K32 (default 60 seconds) seconds of inactivity, the keypad LEDs are switched off and the LCD brightness is reduced as defined by K33 (default 100%), then, when one of the keys is pressed for the first time,

the LEDs are activated to indicate the activation of the keyboard. There is no other effect on this event from the key pressed. With the LEDs active, the keyboard responds as required. For settings see par. 8.5.2.

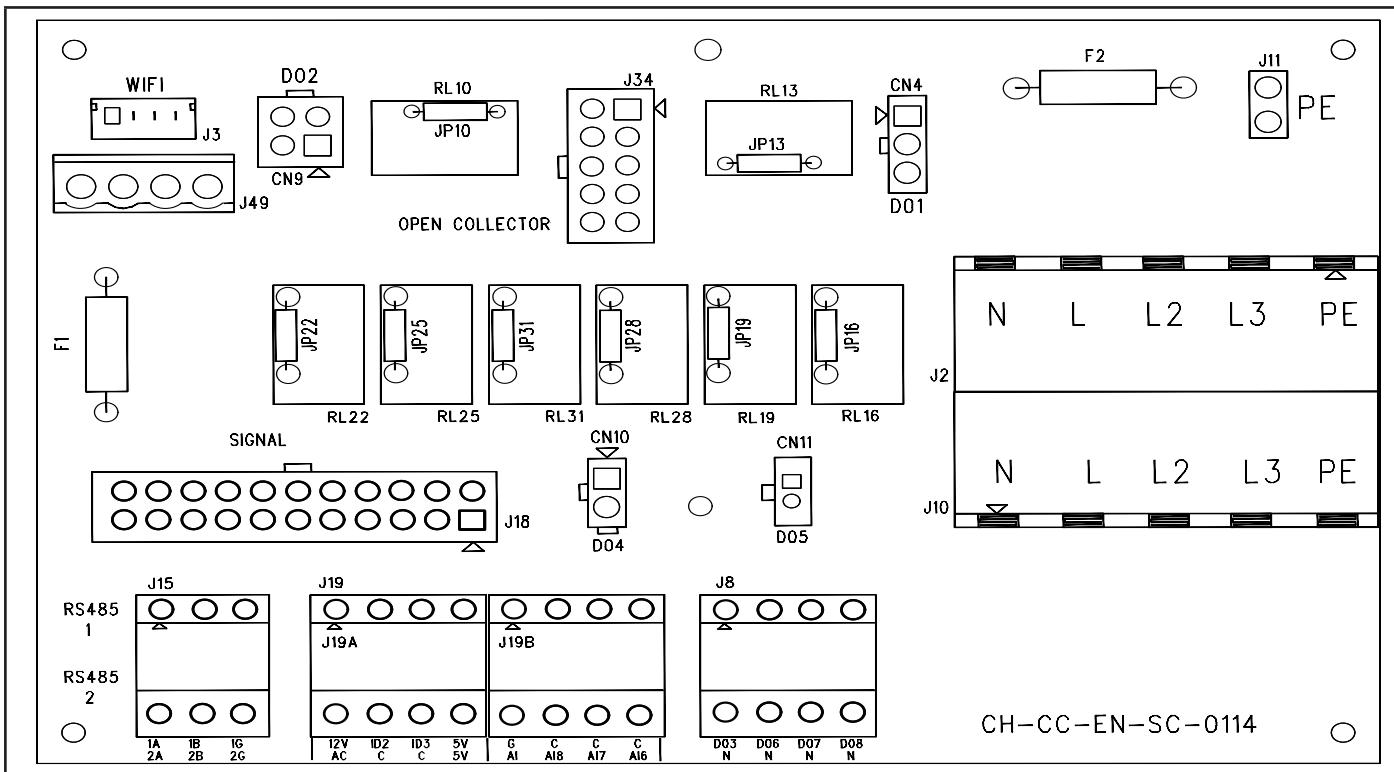
- **MANUAL:** In addition to the automatic keypad lock as described in the machine interface section, there is the possibility of implementing a manual keyboard lock: Pressing the ON/OFF button for 3 seconds locks the keyboard. This is indicated by the padlock. At Each time a key is pressed in this lock situation, the padlock flashes together with the word "Lock". To unlock the keypad press the ON/OFF key again for 3 seconds.

## 7.4 TERMINAL BLOCK

See relevant chapter in the i-290 User-Installer Manual.

TERMINAL BLOCK	CONNECTION	TYPE
PE	Connect the earthing cable	
N	Connect the neutral cable from mains	Input for 1-Ph/N/PE power supply, 230 V, 50 Hz. (only for sizes 0106/0109/0112)
L	Connect phase L1 cable from mains	
L2	Connect phase L2 cable from mains	Input for 3-Ph/N/PE power supply, 400 Vac, 50 Hz. (only for sizes 0115 / 0118)
L3	Connect phase L3 cable from mains	
1A	Signal connection channel 1 Modbus RTU + remote keyboard	
1B	Signal connection channel 1 Modbus RTU - remote keyboard	Modbus communication for remote keyboard i-290
1C	Signal connection channel 1 Modbus GND remote keyboard	For signal use shielded twisted pair cable 3 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (1A = pin 7, 1B = pin 8, 1C = pin9)
12 Vac	Remote keyboard power supply (12 Vac, 50 Hz, 500 mA)	For power supply use 2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> cable (connect to pins 12 and 13)
12 Vac	Remote keyboard power supply (12 Vac, 50 Hz, 500 mA)	
2A	Signal connection channel 2 Modbus RTU +, GI3 module or remote supervision	Connection of GI3 module, if fitted as an access- ory. Alternatively connection of Modbus RTU RS 485 communication for remote supervision, if CM accessory present.
2B	Signal connection channel 2 Modbus RTU -, GI3 module or remote supervision	
2C	Signal connection channel 2 Modbus GND, GI3 module or remote supervision	The GI3 module and CM supervision cannot be connected at the same time.
ID2	Smart Grid Ready input 1	Voltage-free digital input
ID3	Remote on/off input (closed = machine on / open = machine off)	Voltage-free digital input
A16	DHW probe (to activate the function see the relevant section in the MCO manual)	Analogue input
A17	System remote probe (to activate the function see relevant section in the MCO manual)	Analogue input
A18	Smart Grid Ready 2 input	Voltage-free digital input
DO3 (*)	System integration resistance	Single-phase voltage output 230 Vac, 50 Hz, maximum current 300 mA (AC1)
DO6 (*)	Valve outlet sanitary hot water	Single-phase voltage output 230 Vac, 50 Hz, maxi- mum current 300 mA (AC1)
DO7 (*)	Valve outlet second set point	Single-phase voltage output 230 Vac, 50 Hz, maximum current 300 mA (AC1)

(\*) if used, it is recommended to drive a relay coil or contactor with the voltage output to manage the resource.



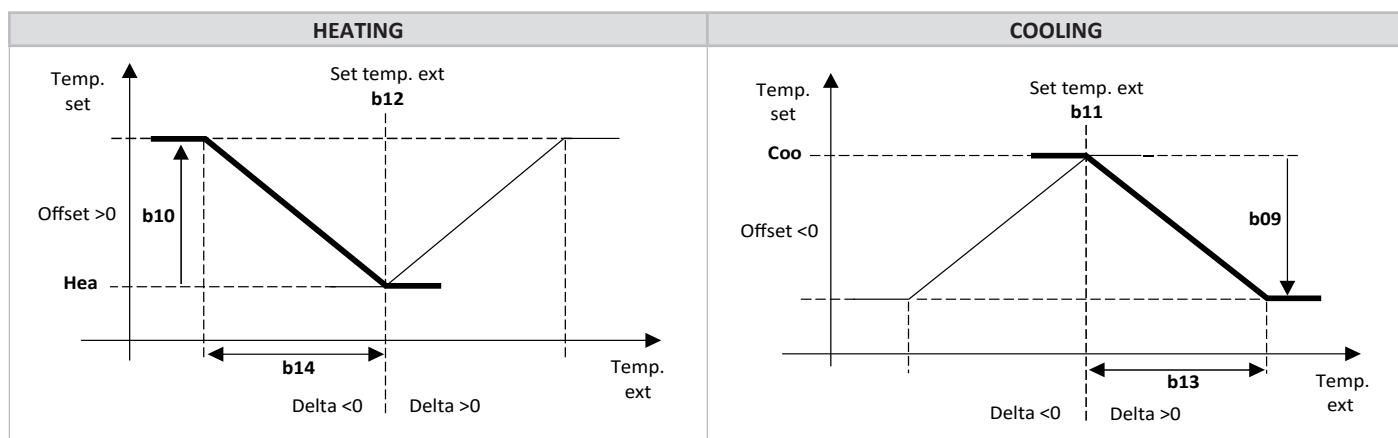
## 8. EDITING DYNAMIC SET-POINT

The regulator allows you to modify the set-point by adding up the value according to the temperature of the outdoor air probe. To use this function, edit the values from parameter **b08** to **b14** following the information below (edited by the installer).

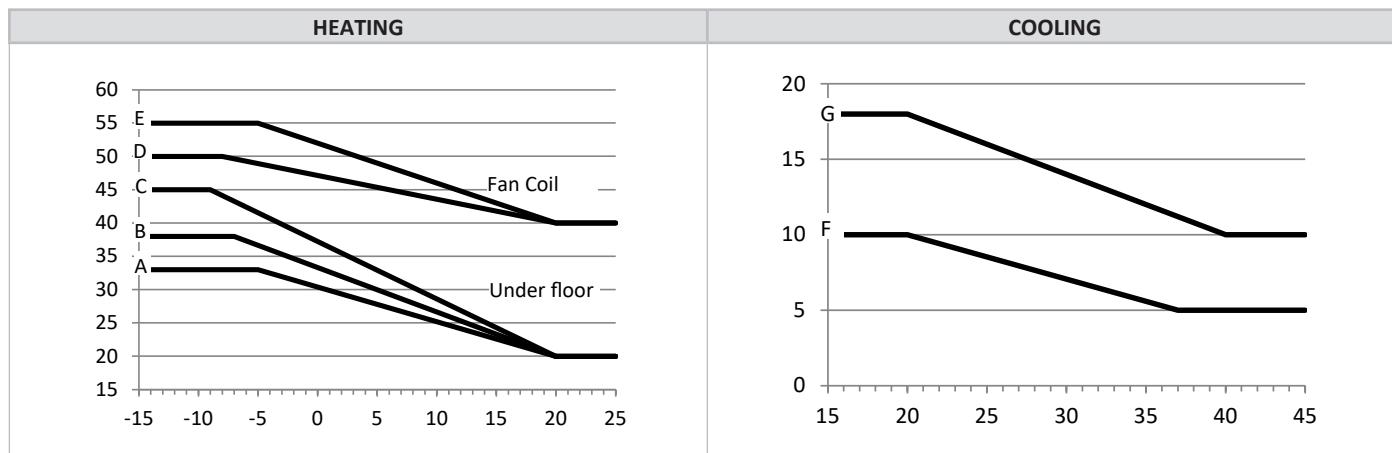
Parameters of regulator PAr -> rE

- **b08** enable = 1/disable=0 dynamic set-point.
- **b09** = maximum cooling offset.
- **b10** = maximum heating offset.
- **b11** = Cooling outdoor temperature setting.
- **b12** = Heating outdoor temperature setting.
- **b13** = Cooling temperature delta.
- **b14** = Heating temperature delta.

Edit the setpoint depending on the outdoor temperature:



## 8.1 SETTINGS FOR STANDARD CLIMATIC CURVES



CURVE	Setpoint Heat	Setpoint Cool	b08	b09	b10	b11	b12	b13	b14
A	20°C	--	1	--	13°C	--	20°C	--	-25°C
B	20°C	--	1	--	18°C	--	20°C	--	-27°C
C	20°C	--	1	--	25°C	--	20°C	--	-29°C
D	40°C	--	1	--	10°C	--	20°C	--	-28°C
E	40°C	--	1	--	15°C	--	20°C	--	-25°C
F	--	5°C	1	5°C	--	37°C		-17°C	--
G	--	10°C	1	8°C	--	40°C		-20°C	--

## 9. CIRCULATOR

The circulator of the heat pump can be set in the following operating modes:

- operation on call by temperature controller
- operating on call by temperature controller with periodic activation;
- continuous operation (default);

The circulator is switched off immediately if:

- There is a manual reset pump block alarm, including the flow switch alarm;
- With remote input in standby or off, the pump (if running) is always switched off with a delay equal to **P02** in tenths of a minute (default P02=2)

The circulator can be configured with **P03** to operate independently from the compressor or on call.

0=continuous operation in heating/cooling mode (default P03=0)

1=operating on call by temperature controller

**Note:** with active no-flow alarm in automatic reset, the circulator is on even if the compressor is off. The circulator is always on when the antifreeze heaters are running and if operation of the hydraulic pump in antifreeze is enabled. Antifreeze operation is enabled if the regulation temperature drops below P04 °C (default 5°C), and disables if the regulation temperature rises above P04+P05 °C (Default value P05=2,0°C).

**Note:** It is possible to change the maximum and minimum speed of the circulator by adjusting parameters P07 and P08 respectively.

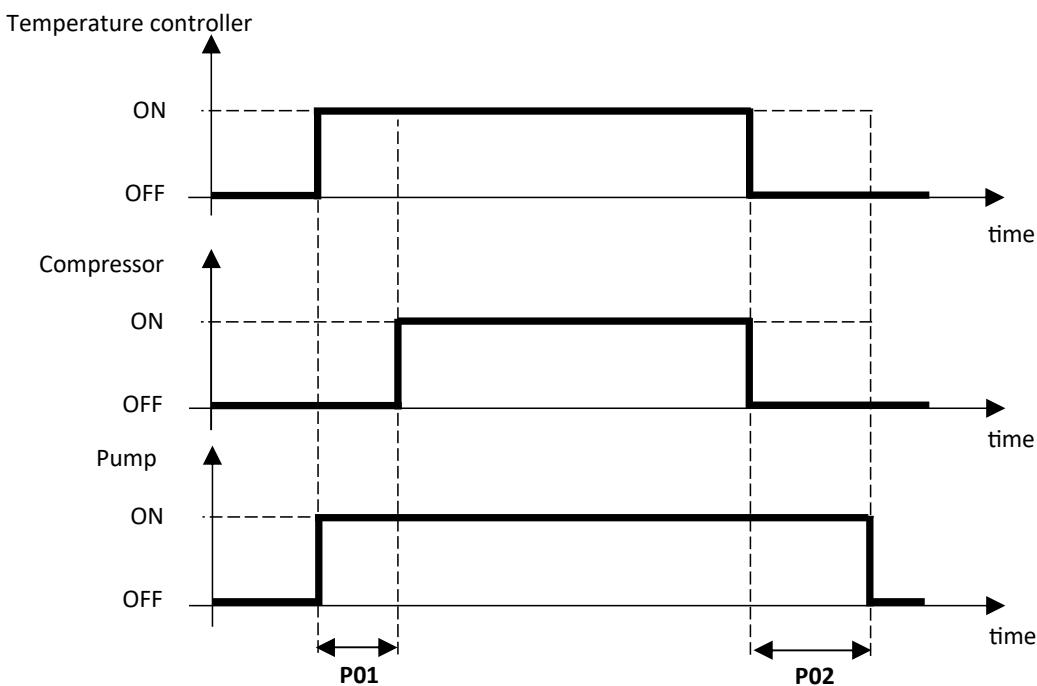
### 9.1 CONTINUOUS OPERATION [P03=0] - Default

The circulator is only off with the unit OFF, in all other cases it is always on.

### 9.2 OPERATION ON CALL FROM TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER [P03=1]

In this operating mode, the circulator is active on demand by the temperature controller, after a delay time of **P01** seconds (default P01=30) from when the pump switched on, the compressor switches on as well.

Whereas when switching off, the pump is deactivated after a delay time of **P02** minutes (default P02=2) from when the compressor switches off. With automatic reset flow switch alarm triggered, the circulator is on even if the compressor is off.



### 9.3 OPERATING ON CALL FROM TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER WITH PERIODIC ACTIVATION

The function is disabled if **P17=0** (default).

If **P03=1**, the circulator turns on periodically for a time defined by the parameter **P17** (in seconds) after a count, lasting a time set by parameter **P16** (in minutes), activated when the pump switches off because temperature control fulfilled.

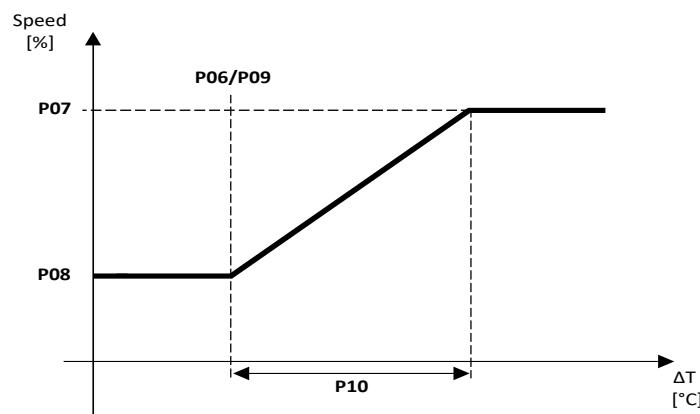
With automatic reset flow switch alarm triggered, the pump is on even if the compressor is off.

The periodical function is suspended if the antifreeze protection trips.

### 9.4 PROPORTIONAL REGULATION OF THE CIRCULATOR

The speed of the circulator changes depending on the temperature difference between the inlet water and outlet water of the heat exchanger, according to the diagram below, where:

- **P07**: Maximum speed = 100%
- **P08**: Minimum speed = 75%
- **P09**: modulating pump inlet/outlet water Delta T setting (°C) (according to model)
- **P10**: Modulating pump Delta = 3°C (default)



The circulator is at maximum speed in DHW production.

**Note:** If the parameter **r33 > 0**, then the circulator can be running on call even to activate the system and/or sanitary heater, see par.10.8.

### 9.5 SYSTEM VENTING

Function used to vent the system, with the circulator at maximum speed.

To enable the function:

- Controller **OFF**
- Access the parameters **PRG ->PSS ->PRG** -> (enter Service password)
- Press the **UP and DOWN** keys simultaneously for **3 seconds**

The circulator switches on at maximum speed, and then switches off after **5 minutes**.

The system venting cycle can be exited manually by pressing the **MODE/ESC** key, or by pressing the **UP and DOWN** keys simultaneously for 3 seconds.

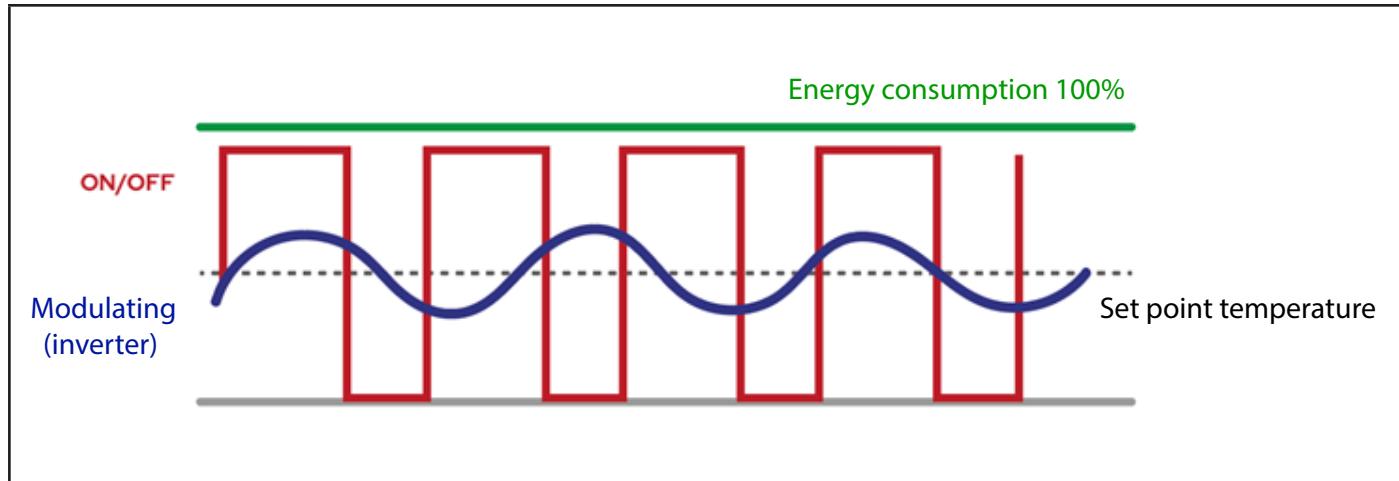
During this function, the flow switch alarm is disabled, the maintenance technician must guarantee that there is water inside the system.

## 10. COMPRESSOR ON/OFF LOGIC

The restart of compressors is in operation of a set point referred to the inlet water temperature. It is based on calculation of  $\Delta T_{set}$  which is the difference between outlet water temperatures and inlet water temperatures, detected while the compressor for thermoregulation is turning off.

By thermoregulation we mean the temperature control performed by the generator in order to guarantee the temperature strictly necessary to the system, reducing electricity consumption and achieving better indoor comfort.

The heat pump is supplied with a modulating control system based on the fluid outlet temperature, variable-speed compressors are able to adapt to the load variation, and reduce the fluctuations that would occur with an on/off system.



Modulating control systems can be:

- proportional
- proportional integrals

is the least complex control mode because it adjusts the capacity based on the difference between the actual control temperature and the target temperature (set point).

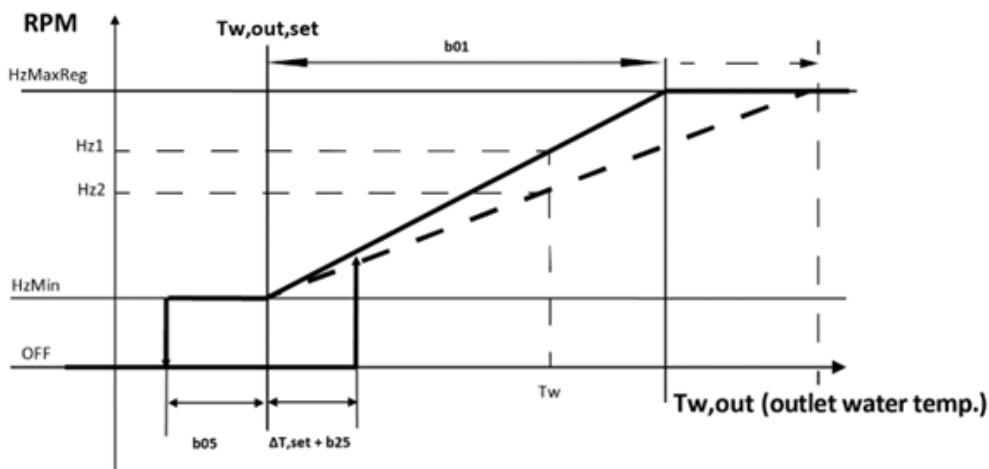
The temperature range within which the variation is activated to achieve the comfort temperature is defined as the 'proportional band' and represents the working range of the heat pump.

Parameters b01 and b02 are defined:

Parameter	Description
b01	band in chiller/cooling mode
b02	heat pump/heating band

### 10.1 REGULATION IN COOLING MODE

- $T_{w,out, set}$  = adjusted setpoint in cooling;
- $T_{w,in, set}$  = value of the water inlet probe recorded at the instant the compressor switches off when setpoint is reached;
- $\Delta T_{set}$  =  $T_{w,out, set} - T_{w,in, set}$ ;
- $b24$  = cut-on hysteresis limitation;
- $b25$  = delta cut-on compressor set= 3°C.



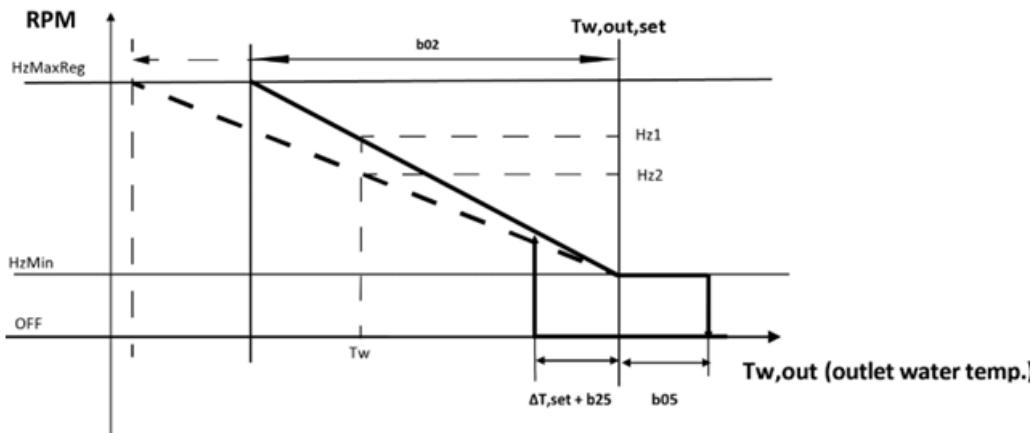
- The **compressor shutdown**: the compressor shutdown when  $T_{w,out} < T_{w,out, set}$
- The **compressor restart** starts when  $T_{w,out} > (T_{w,out, set} + \Delta T_{set} + b25)$

EXCEPTION: The value of  $\Delta T_{set}$  is limited by b24.

If  $\Delta T_{set} > b24$  (default value 7°), the compressors restart when:  $T_{w,out} > (T_{w,out, set} + b24 + b25)$ .

## 10.2 REGULATION IN HEAT MODE

- $T_{w,out, set}$  = setting setpoint in heat mode
- $T_{w,in, set}$  = value of the water inlet probe recorded at the instant the compressor switches off when setpoint is reached.
- $\Delta T, set$  =  $T_{w,out, set} - T_{w,in, set}$
- $b24$  = cut-on hysteresis limitation;
- $b25$  = compressor regulation delta cut-on = 3°C



- The compressor shutdown: the compressor shutdown when is regulated by parameter  $b05$   $T_{w,out} > T_{w,out, set}$
- The compressor restart when:  $T_{w,out} < (T_{w,out, set} - \Delta T, set - b25)$

**EXCEPTION:** The value of  $\Delta T, set$  is limited by  $b24$ .

If  $\Delta T, set > b24$  (default value 7°), the compressors restart when:  $T_{w,out} < (T_{w,out, set} - b24 - b25)$ .

As can be deduced from the graphs above, the higher the band (higher  $b01$  or  $b02$  values, dotted lines in the graph), the lower the frequency at the same water outlet temperature ( $Hz1 > Hz2$ ).

The variables for deciding the correct proportional band value are:

- water content dedicated to the unit only
- type of terminals.

It is recommended to vary these values during start-up by considering a minimum value of 1 and a maximum of 4 °C.

Proportional Integral Method - PI:

with a value of  $b07 \neq 0$  (Integral Time), this type of adjustment is much more accurate than the proportional one because it enables further reduce oscillations through continuous evaluation of the deviation.

The PI control provides a value from 0 to 100 % corresponding to the minimum and maximum possible frequency thanks to a constant scan that photographs the deviation between the actual measured temperature and the target temperature.

The error in cooling and heating mode will be calculated in this way, respectively:

- $\epsilon_f = T_{mis} - Set\ point$  (Error in cold or chiller mode)
- $\epsilon_c = Set\ point - T_{mis}$  (Error in heat or heat pump mode)

If the measured error is positive then there will be a variation otherwise, if negative, the frequency will not vary.

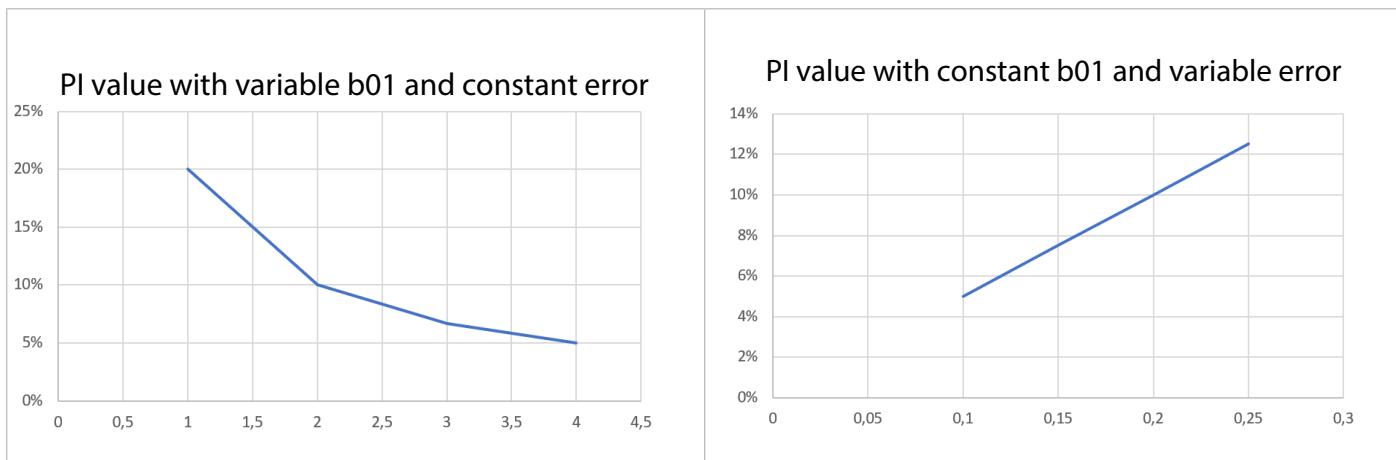
The two components (PI) work in synergy:

- $\epsilon$  unchanged: no change in power
- $\epsilon$  increasing: power increases due to the proportional component
- $\epsilon$  decreasing: power decreases due to the effect of the proportional component

The contribution of this component is directly proportional to the calculated error and inversely proportional to the value of the control band. For the same calculated error, the higher the set band, the lower the percentage of action, while for the same band, the higher the calculated error, the higher the percentage of action.

The calculated error, the higher the percentage of action.

For a better understanding of what is described, see the graphs below.



The contribution of this component is added to the power demand at each scan as a function of the integral time inversely proportional to the integral time b07:

Set-point set	35	35	35	35
b02	2	2	2	2
Tmis	34	34,5	34	34,5
εc	1	0,5	1	0,5
b07	50	50	100	100
integral contribution	10	5	5	2,5

N.B. if the power required is 100% or 0% there is no additional contribution or decrease.

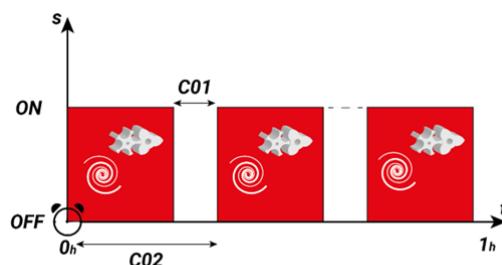
The use of this regulation can be advantageous if the load variation is progressive without sudden variations because it would deliver more accurately the actual output of the heat pump in relation to the actual demand, whereas a only proportional component (b07=0) would be recommended for systems where the power demand variation is for a short period of time.

During commissioning, it must be considered whether it is more effective to work with a P or PI control in operation:

- water content dedicated to the unit only
- type of terminals
- of the load variation during start-up

The choice of regulation is fundamental to optimise the efficiency of the system and to reduce the number of starts/hour in order to achieve the correct thermodynamic balance and the correct lubrication of the mechanical parts in the compressor, it is recommended to choose them in order to have a continuous operation of the heat pump of at least 10 minutes.

The heat pump control regulates the maximum number of starts per hour via parameter C02 (which cannot be changed and is fixed by the manufacturer) in order to preserve the integrity of the compressor over time, but if necessary during the commissioning phase you can choose to delay the next start-up using parameter C01:



## 11. FAN CONTROL OF THE FINNED EXCHANGER

Ventilation control is a function of condensing pressure in chiller mode, and a function of evaporating pressure in heat pump mode. The regulation of ventilation is dependent on the operating conditions of the machine.

A pre-ventilation occurs every time the compressor switches on and off.

## 12. CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS

The following is a list of the functions which can be activated in the machine controller; not all of them can be selected simultaneously. Values other than the default values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit. If in doubt on which value to set, contact our headquarters.

### 12.1 ANTIFREEZE PROTECTION HEATERS (IF KA ACCESSORY IS AVAILABLE)

If the optional KA kit is present, the function is active by default.

The water antifreeze heaters on the faces of the evaporator plates even activate with the machine off (but powered) when the delivery water temperature drops below r02 °C (default 4°C) in "heating" mode or below r03 °C (default 4°C) in "cooling" mode or when switched "OFF". The heaters are switched off when the temperature measured by the outlet water probe exceeds r02+r06 in "heating" or r03+r06 in "cooling" or when "OFF" (default value r06=2.0 °C).

The heating cable at the base of the machine activates when the outdoor air temperature drops below 3°C. It deactivates when the outdoor temperature rises above 5°C.

## 12.2 ENABLING DOMESTIC HOT WATER PRODUCTION

To activate the domestic hot water functions, connect a probe to be placed inside the tank to terminals **AI6/C** (enabled as analogue input). The sanitary function must be enabled after positioning and connecting the temperature probe.

I/O resource - Parameter	VALUE	Function
H10	0 (default)	Function disabled
	1	Function active in <b>heating</b> and <b>cooling</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>does not disable</b> DHW production.
	2	Function active in <b>heating</b> and <b>cooling</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>disables</b> DHW production.
	3	Function active in <b>heating</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>does not disable</b> DHW production.
	4	Function active in <b>heating</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>disables</b> DHW production.
	5	Function active in <b>cooling</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>does not disable</b> DHW production.
	6	Function active in <b>cooling</b> mode. The remote on-off function <b>disables</b> DHW production.
<b>ST6 can be activated via H17</b>	6	DHW temperature probe enabling
<b>DO6 can be activated via H84</b>	6	DHW valve control

If the domestic hot water temperature is lower than its setting (set by default at 48°C, edited by accessing the menu **PRG->Set->SAN**) the machine activates the DHW valve and the compressor is set at maximum frequency, starting modulation one degree before the setting and switching off one degree after. When the set point is reached, the valve goes back to the rest condition and the compressor starts to regulate normally. Switching from utility water to domestic hot water, the working probe changes from "water outlet probe" to "DHW tank probe". Switching from winter mode to sanitary mode, the compressor does not switch off and is brought to the maximum frequency established by the controller, whereas switching from summer mode to domestic hot water, the compressor is switched off and waits a safety time. Defrosting is always carried out in winter mode on the utility side, and never on the domestic hot water tank.

### NOTE:

-If **H10 = 1/3/5**. Switching off the unit by remote control (remote on-off, see paragraph 10.4.1) does not affect domestic hot water operation. The unit goes to priority sanitary mode just powered on. The display on the machine shows the temperature detected by the probe inside the DHW tank. When the sanitary cycle has finished, the display goes back to showing the water outlet probe temperature.

If the remote ON-OFF digital input (terminals 15.1 / 15.2) is open, with sanitary function enabled (H10=1 and H20=6), the wording "SAN" will appear on the machine display. When the sanitary cycle has finished, the display goes back to showing "E00" indicating that the remote ON-OFF contact is open.

-If **H10 = 2/4/6**, the remote on-off function disables domestic hot water production and operation of the heat pump in heating and cooling mode, system side.

### 12.2.1 MEMORISING THE PROBE IN HEATING MODE

Switching from utility water to domestic hot water, the working probe changes from "water outlet probe" to "DHW tank probe". For this reason, in heating mode, before entering sanitary mode, the last value read by the heat pump delivery probe is stored.

When sanitary temperature control is fulfilled, the system side temperature of reference goes back to that previously stored. The memory function interrupts:

- when the temperature read by the probe becomes lower than the stored value;
- or when a time equal to **b06** seconds (default b06 = 45) has elapsed.

### 12.2.2 HEATING MODE ON DHW STORAGE TANK

If the parameter **H130=1**, the machine exploits the DHW storage tank even for central heating. In these conditions, the outlet of the DHW valve is also enabled during operation in heating mode and not only in sanitary mode. The valve is deactivated during defrosting and in cooling mode. When **H130=1**, the DHW integration heater can be enabled also to act as system integration heater: to do this, set **r10=1 e r15=2** (for other **r15** settings see Paragraph 10.6.3); furthermore no digital output must be set as system integration heater.

### 12.2.3 INSUFFICIENT HEAT EXCHANGE IN A DHW SYSTEM

During DHW production, if the heat pump flow probe detects a temperature higher than 75°C, the DHW valve output is de-energised (D06), and the value of the DHW probe at this time is recorded (Tsan,set).

-if the operation is San or Cool+San the compressor is stopped.

-If the operation is Heat+San, the system evaluates for b06 seconds whether there is a demand for heating from the system. If the system requires it, the compressor continues to work on the system, otherwise it is switched off.

-If the DHW resistor is present (e.g. DO3, H81=26), r15 = 0 or 1 and r24=2 or 3 it is activated until the DHW setpoint is met (and any offset).

NB. if r15=0 (DHW resistor enabled only as a replacement), from this moment the compressor is inhibited from operating until the DHW resistor switches off due to the DHW set point being reached (including any offset r31).

DHW production resumes when the flow temperature of the heat pump falls below 75°C again and the temperature measured by the DHW probe is lower than Tsan,set - 4°C.

## 12.3 REMOTE-CONTROLLED FUNCTIONS

Not all of the configurations can be activated and/or modified at the same time.

The terminal block has digital inputs to control the unit via an external consent.

### 12.3.1 ON/OFF

The function is enabled by default on digital input ID 3 (terminals ID3/C user terminal block).

Remove the terminal block jumper to place the unit in standby (the text "E00" appears on the controller display). When the contact closes, the machine comes out of standby and the circulator switches on for 2 minutes.

Function enabled by default (Parameter **H47=2**).

I/O Resource- Parameter	Function
ID3 can be activated via H47	Enables remote On /Off function

If the unit is switched off by remote control during defrosting, the heat pump finishes defrosting and then places itself in off mode via remote control.

### 12.3.2 SUMMER/WINTER MODE CHANGE

The function can be set on digital input ID 2 (terminals ID2/C user terminal block). Heating or cooling mode of the heat pump can be managed by remote control.

I/O resource - Parameter	Value	Function
ID2 can be activated via H46	3	Open contact -> heat pump in cooling mode. Closed contact -> heat pump in heating mode.

The poles of the digital input can be swapped by setting H75 = 2.

### 12.3.3 ENABLING SG READY FUNCTION

The SG Ready function can be activated if the electricity grid to which the unit is connected is set up as Smart Grid Ready. To activate the SG Ready function, the grid supplier's SG Ready cables must be placed and connected to terminals ID2, C (SG Ready 1 digital input reference) and terminals AI8, C (SG Ready 2 digital input reference).

The following parameters must be configured to enable the function:

Resource I/O - Parameter	Default value	Function
ID2 active via H46	22	Closed contact -> SG Ready 1 call Contact open -> SG Ready 1 call not active
ID9 active via H53	23	Closed contact -> SG Ready 2 call Open contact -> SG Ready 2 call not active
b31	2°C	System Setpoint Offset for Smart Grid
b32	2°C	Sanitary Setpoint Offset for Smart Grid

The following table summarises the four operating states, relating to the status of the two digital inputs configured with the SG Ready function:

External signal	ID2 (SG1)	ID9 (SG2)	Description
1:0	Closed	Open	OFF command  The heat pump remains forced to a shutdown condition, with the only exception of defrosting in progress; in this case, it waits until defrosting is complete before activating the function. The control board, in this phase, performs as if the thermoregulation status was satisfied.
0:0	Open	Open	Normal operation  ON command  In this state, the heat pump increases the set-point by an offset defined by parameters b31, b32. The logic differs in two cases, with or without configuration of the 'room call' device (with enabling of a related digital input, Room Thermostat).
0:1	Open	Closed	a. Configuration without 'room call' device  When the external input 0:1 occurs and the compressor is on, the control logic instantaneously applies the offset; When the external input 0:1 occurs and the compressor is off the control logic does not instantaneously apply the offset but waits for the compressor to activate the offset.  Configuration with 'room call' device:  b. When external input 0:1 occurs and there is an active 'room call', the control logic instantaneously applies the offset; when external input 0:1 occurs and there is no active 'room call', the control logic does not instantaneously apply the offset but waits for the 'room call' to be activated and only then applies the offset.
1:1	Closed	Closed	Force ON command  Compared to the previous case, the heat pump forces ON immediately by increasing the set-point of an offset defined by parameters b31, b32, with the distinction of the following two cases:  a. Configuration without 'room call' device  When the external 1:1 input occurs, the control logic instantly applies heat offsets and/or sanitary offsets, whether the compressor is on or off;  b. Configuration with 'room call' device  When the external 1:1 input occurs, the control logic instantaneously applies heat offsets and/or sanitary offsets, whether there is an active room call or not; this means that the control logic immediately forces the set point to increase by a value equal to the offset, regardless of the room call status or regardless of the compressor status.

The following control logic applies to both conditions 'Command ON-external input 0:1' and 'Command FORCE ON-external input 1:1':

- If both offsets are enabled (Heating offset + Sanitary offset), the control logic does not apply the offset on the sanitary set instantaneously but only when the heating operation mode is satisfied.
- If the pdc is operating in DHW mode, the DHW offset is not applied instantaneously but the DHW set-point is satisfied first. It then returns to heating mode by applying the heating set-point+offset and only then applies the offset on the DHW set-point (DHW set-point+offset).

c. If the machine is thermoregulating using the "second set-point" function the offset on the system set-point is not applied.

## 12.4 SYSTEM WATER REMOTE PROBE

In some system solutions (e.g. heat pump in parallel to boiler on same hydronic circuit and shut off diverter valve) it could be necessary to enable a system remote temperature probe so that the controller can correctly process the management.

I/O resource- Parameter	Value	Description
ST7 can be activated via H18	41	Enables system remote probe

In the presence of the system remote probe, if the storage tank temperature is satisfied, it is avoided to activate the compressors even if the regulation probe requires it.

The conditions for the application of thermoregulation lockout are as follows:

- the heat pump is not performing DHW
- the heat pump is not defrosting
- all compressors are switched-off

The blocking conditions are as follows:

Operating mode	Conditions inhibiting the restart of thermoregulation
	heating System remote probe > setpoint - b22
	cooling System remote probe < setpoint + b22

Nota: b22=5°C. See paragraph 13.

## 12.5 FUNCTIONS DIGITAL OUTPUTS CAN BE ACTIVATED

If the machine block signal function is not active, one of the following signals can be configured at the DO7/N terminals and the user terminal block.

### 12.5.1 MACHINE BLOCK

Configured by default, a voltage output signalling the presence of an alarm.

Resource I/O (Parameter)	Value	Function
DO7 attivabile via H85	47	Alarm signalling

### 12.5.2 AUXILIARY RESISTANCES

In some system solutions, it may be necessary to use an integration resistor for the system and/ or for the DHW. To define the mode of intervention of the integration resistors, the parameter **r24** must be set:

- **r24=0** integration resistors not used;
- **r24=1** use of system integration resistor only;
- **r24=2** use of DHW integration resistor only;
- **r24=3** use of both system integration resistor and domestic hot water integration resistor.

#### 12.5.2.1 SYSTEM HEATER

If the regulation temperature remains below **water setpoint in heating (Hea) – 0.5°C** for a time equal to **r12** the integration heater is activated according to operation of the machine in joint time slots or in substitution, as indicated in Paragraph 10.11.

The heater switches off when the setpoint is reached (also taking into account an offset set with parameters **r29** or **r30**).

If the regulation temperature remains below the **water setpoint minus r11** (°C) and the machine is blocked due to triggering of an alarm, the heater switches on. It switches off when the machine exits the alarm block.

I/O resource - Parameter	Value	Function
<b>r10</b>	1	Function enabling
<b>r11</b>	0.5°C (default)	Heaters in heating integration delta
<b>r12</b>	8 minutes (default)	Heaters in heating integration delta
<b>r24</b>	1/3	Type of use of heaters
<b>D03 can be activated via H81</b>	22	System integration heater

#### 12.5.2.2 PLANT HEATER IN DEFROST

During the **defrost cycle** (see Paragraph 10.12.2), setting **r21=1** (in addition to **r10=1** and **r24=1** or **3**) activates the plant side electric heater, if requested (regulation temperature lower than **water setpoint - r11** (°C), without waiting the time defined by **r12**).

### 12.5.2.3 DHW HEATER

Function which can be activated instead of managing the plant heater

This is an additional resource for heating the domestic hot water storage tank if the compressor alone is not capable of fulfilling the request in a reasonable time.

If domestic hot water production lasts longer than **r16** (minutes) or if the machine blocks due to triggering of an alarm, the heater switches on. It switches off when the unit finishes domestic hot water production (also taking into account an offset on the setpoint with parameter **r31**, as explained in Paragraph 10.11.1).

I/O resource - Parameter	Value	Function
<b>r15</b>	1	Function enabling
<b>r16</b>	8 minutes (default)	DHW integration activation delay
<b>r24</b>	2/3	Type of use of heaters
<b>D03 can be activated via H81</b>	26	System integration heater

**Note:** The domestic hot water function must be enabled (see paragraph 10.2)

### 12.5.2.4 SINGLE SYSTEM/DHW INTEGRATION HEATER

By configuring the DHW integration heater, it is possible to use this heater declared also as plant integration heater, setting the parameter **r15=2** and **r24=3**.

In case of plant integration demand, the heater declared as DHW integration is activated, thus allowing to have a single integration heater for plant, domestic hot water and plant under defrost.

### 12.5.2.5 INTEGRATION HEATER SELECTION MODE

The priority can be set in the order to activate the plant side and sanitary side integration heaters; specifically the configurations are:

1. **r14=0** (default), the heaters can be activated simultaneously, if present;
2. **r14=1**, the heaters can be activated, excluding one another:
  - 2.1. **r20=0**, priority to the plant (the DHW heater only switches on if the temperature control for the plant side heater is fulfilled);
  - 2.2. **r20=1**, priority to DHW (the plant side heater only switches on if the temperature control for the sanitary side heater is fulfilled).

### 12.5.2.6 CIRCULATOR MANAGEMENT WITH HEATER ON

The circulator of the heat pump can be activated when the plant and/or DHW integration heaters are active with the compressors not running (by substitution, by alarm or by integration in bracket II or III).

-**r33 = 0**: The circulator of the heat pump is activated on demand of the compressors or boiler,

-**r33 = 1**: The circulator of the heat pump is activated if the plant heater is active.

-**r33 = 2**: The circulator of the heat pump is activated if the DHW heater is active.

-**r33 = 3**: The circulator of the heat pump is activated if the plant or DHW heater is active.

The circulator switches off after post-pumping (**P02**).

### 12.5.3 BOILER ENABLING

Function which can be activated instead of managing the double setpoint.

This is an additional resource to enable the boiler in integration or substitution of the heat pump.

Define the use mode by setting the parameter **r23**:

- **r23=0** (default) boiler not used (operating priority of heaters);
- **r23=1** only boiler on plant used (operating priority of heaters);
- **r23=2** only DHW boiler used (operating priority of heaters);
- **r23=3** DHW and plant boiler used (operating priority of heaters); In the case of **r31>0**, when the DHW set point is reached, the DHW 3-way valve switches to the system;
- **r23=4** only boiler on plant with priority used (no heater operating priority);
- **r23=5** only boiler in sanitary with priority used (no heater operating priority);
- **r23=6** boiler on plant and in sanitary with priority used (no heater operating priority); In the case of **r31>0**, when the DHW set point is reached, the DHW 3-way valve switches to the system.
- **r23=7** boiler use both in DHW and system (priority of resistor intervention). In the case of **r31>0**, when the DHW set point is reached, the DHW 3-way valve remains switched to DHW.
- **r23=8** boiler use in DHW and on system with priority (no priority to resistor intervention). In the case of **r31>0**, when the DHW set point is reached, the DHW 3-way valve remains switched to DHW.

Define the supply of the boiler, setting parameter **r32**:

- **r32 = 0**: boiler without circulator with temperature control by heat pump,
- **r32 = 1**: boiler with autonomous circulator with temperature control by heat pump;
- **r32 = 2**: boiler without circulator with autonomous temperature control;
- **r32 = 3**: boiler with circulator with autonomous temperature control.

I/O resource- Parameter	Value	Function
<b>r10</b>	1	Plant integration enabling
<b>r12</b>	8 minutes (default)	Plant integration activation delay
<b>r15</b>	1	DHW integration enabling
<b>r16</b>	8 minutes (default)	DHW integration activation delay
<b>r23</b>	1÷6	Type of use of boiler
<b>r32</b>	1÷3	Boiler supply

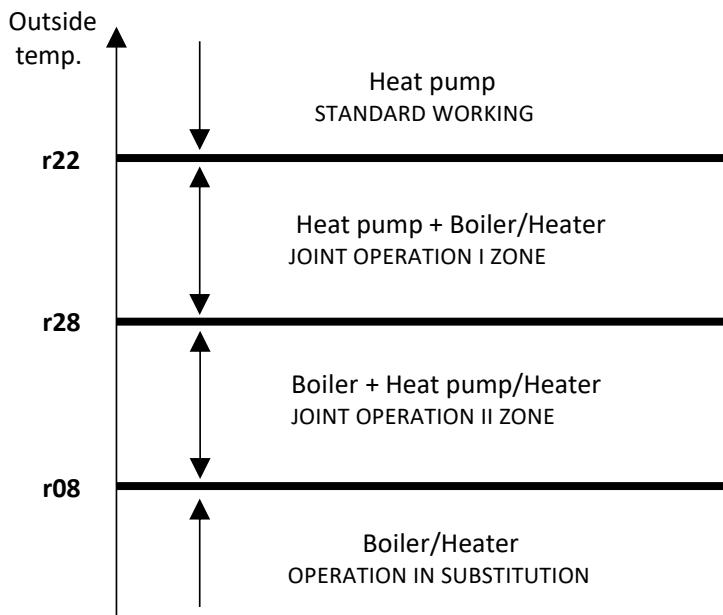
I/O resource- Parameter	Value	Function
DO3 can be activated via H81	29	Boiler enabling

## 12.5.4 ACTIVATION OF INTEGRATION HEATERS AND BOILER IN JOINT OPERATION AND IN SUBSTITUTION OF HEAT PUMP COMPRESSOR

The auxiliary parts that can be used for joint operation or for operation in substitution are:

- boiler
- plant integration heater
- DHW integration heater

Considering the operating modes in heating and/or DHW, there are 4 operating areas:



If you need to change the values of the parameters **r22**, **r28**, **r08**, follow  $r22 \geq r28 \geq r08$ .

Setting **r22=r28** allows you to eliminate the zone relative to joint operation bracket I; setting **r28=r08** allows you to eliminate the zone relative to joint operation bracket II; setting **r22=r28=r08** allows you to eliminate both brackets relative to joint operation.

Do not modify value **r08**, as it could jeopardise operation of the unit

### 12.5.4.1 OPERATION IN HEAT PUMP MODE

Normal operation of the heat pump in which the integration resistors and/or the boiler only intervene when a heat pump alarm is triggered.

### 12.5.4.2 JOINT OPERATION (I BRACKET)

If the outdoor temperature is between **r22** and **r28**, the compressor operates in synergy with the auxiliary heaters in winter or DHW mode. In this operating bracket, first the heat pump is activated and after **r12** minutes the plant side auxiliary heaters, or after **r16** minutes the sanitary side auxiliary heaters.

The intervention priorities are defined by the parameters **r14**, **r20**, **r23**, **r24**.

It goes back to normal operation if the outdoor temperature is greater than  $r22+1.0$  (°C).

**NOTE:** In the joint operating bracket, the boiler is temperature controlled by the plant water remote probe (if enabled). In particular, if the temperature detected by the remote probe is lower than the **Hea** setpoint, the boiler is switched on and then will go off when the temperature detected by the remote probe is higher than the **Hea** setpoint. The heat pump follows the activation logic described in paragraph 10.5. If the remote plant water probe is not enabled, the boiler will be managed by the delivery probe of the heat pump.

### 12.5.4.3 JOINT OPERATION (II BRACKET)

If the outdoor temperature is between **r28** and **r08**, the compressor operates in synergy with the auxiliary heaters.

In this operating bracket, first the boiler is activated, then the heat pump and auxiliary heaters intervene after a time defined by **r12** (minutes) for the plant side and **r16** (minutes) for the sanitary side

The intervention priorities are defined by the parameters **r14**, **r20**, **r23**, **r24**.

It goes back to normal operation if the temperature rises above  $r28+1.0$  (°C).

**Note:** In the joint operating bracket, the boiler is temperature controlled by the plant water remote probe (if enabled). In particular, if the temperature detected by the remote probe is lower than the **Hea** setpoint, the boiler is switched on and then will go off when the temperature detected by the remote probe is higher than the **Hea** setpoint. The heat pump follows the activation logic described in paragraph 10.5. If the remote plant water probe is not enabled, the boiler will be managed by the delivery probe of the heat pump.

### 12.5.4.4 OPERATION IN SUBSTITUTION

If the outdoor temperature drops below **r08** use of the heat pump compressor will be inhibited.

- If the auxiliary system is composed of plant and/or DHW heaters, they are active in substitution of the compressor with defined times, **r12** (minutes) for plant side and **r16** (minutes) for sanitary side.

Whereas in the operation in substitution bracket, the integrations do not need to be enabled with **r10** or **r15** as the heaters need to operate in substitution (and not in integration) of the heat pump (therefore simply select the type of use with the parameter **r24**).

- If the auxiliary system is a boiler with autonomous circulator (**r32 = 1** or **3**).

The circulator of the heat pump is off, after **P01** (default 30 seconds) the boiler is enabled.

**NOTE:** With water side antifreeze protection, the pump used is activated (or remains active) anyhow.

- If the auxiliary system in substitution is a boiler with autonomous temperature control (**r32 = 0** or **2**).

The boiler is enabled regardless of the temperature control of the heat pump.

- If the auxiliary system in substitution is a boiler without circulator (**r32 = 0** or **2**).

The circulator of the heat pump is on when the boiler is enabled.

The compressor switches back on if the temperature rises above **r08+ r09** (°C) (**r09=1.0 °C** by default).

#### 12.5.4.5 OPERATING BRACKETS - ACTIVATION OF INTEGRATION HEATERS (plant remote water probe not enabled)

The possible configurations of the integration parameters are listed in tables 1,2,3 and 4 shown below, divided by operating brackets (the operating modes and possible values of the parameters are indicated in the "STATUS" boxes and in the parameters "rxx" so that a given order of intervention of the integrations occurs in a certain operating mode of the unit; other statuses and values of the parameters can be selected instead and therefore they are provided in the same cell separated by the symbol "/").

TABLE 1. NORMAL OPERATION IN HEAT PUMP

N°	INTEGRATIONS INTERVENTION ORDER (with set-point not reached and machine blocked by alarm)	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
1	1) <b>Plant integration heater</b>	HEAT/ HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	/	/	0/2/5	1/3
2	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT/ HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1/2	0/1/2	/	/	1/3/4/6	0/2
3	1) <b>Plant integration heater</b> 2) After 12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3	1/3
4	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	4/6	1/3
5	1) <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	/	0/1/4	2/3
6	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN / COOL+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	/	2/3/5/6	0/1
7	1) <b>DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	2/3	2/3
8	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	5/6	2/3
9	1) <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	/	/	0	3
10	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	/	3/6	0
11	1) <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3	3
12	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	6	3

TABLE 2. JOINT OPERATION, BRACKET 1

N°	INTERVENTION ORDER (with setpoint not reached)	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
1	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	0/2/5	1/3
2	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3/4/6	0/2
3	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3	1/3
4	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	4/6	1/3
5	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	0/1/4	2/3

TABLE 2. JOINT OPERATION, BRACKET 1

N°	INTERVENTION ORDER (with setpoint not reached)	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
6	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN/	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	2/3/5/6	2/3
7	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b> 3) After further r16 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	2/3	2/3
8	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>boiler</b> 3) After further r16 minutes, <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	5/6	2/3
9	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	0	3
10	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3/6	0
11	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3	3
12	1) <b>Heat pump</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	6	3

TABLE 3. JOINT OPERATION, BRACKET 2

N°	INTERVENTION ORDER (with setpoint not reached)	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
1	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3/4/6	0/2
2	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3	1/3
3	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	4/6	1/3
4	1) <b>Plant integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	0/2/5	1/3
5	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	2/3/5/6	0/1
6	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>DHW integration heater</b> 3) After further r16 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	2/3	2/3
7	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>heat pump</b> 3) After further r16 minutes, <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	5/6	2/3
8	1) <b>DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r16 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	0/1/4	2/3
9	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3/6	0
10	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3	3
11	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b> 3) After further r12 minutes, <b>plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT / SANITARIO	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	6	3
12	1) <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>heat pump</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	1	1	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	0	3

TABLE 4. OPERATION IN SUBSTITUTION									
N°	INTERVENTION ORDER (with setpoint not reached)	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
1	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>Plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	4/6	1/3
2	1) <b>Plant integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3	1/3
3	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	5/6	2/3
4	1) <b>DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	2/3	2/3
5	1) <b>Boiler</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	6	3
6	1) <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b> 2) After r12 minutes, <b>boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3	3
7	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	1/3/4/6	0/2
8	1) <b>Plant integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	/	0/2/5	1/3
9	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	2/3/5/6	0/1
10	1) <b>DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT+SAN	DHW	0/1	0/1/2	/	Set the minutes	0/1/4	2/3
11	1) <b>Boiler</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	3/6	0
12	1) <b>Plant/DHW integration heater</b>	HEAT / HEAT+SAN	HEAT/DHW	0/1	0/1/2	Set the minutes	Set the minutes	0	3

Table 5 shows the settings to be configured to enable the integrations in "summer and sanitary" mode (in this case the only activation that can be activated is the DHW integration heater and the division into operating brackets does not apply).

TABLE 5. OPERATION IN COOL+SAN (DHW RUNNING)									
N°	INTEGRATIONS INTERVENTION ORDER -With setpoint not reached after r16 minutes from the start-up of the compressor or with setpoint not reached with machine blocked by alarm.	STATUS	OPERATION	r10	r15	r12	r16	r23	r24
1	1) DHW integration heater	COOL+SAN	DHW	0/1	1	/	Set the minutes	0/1/2/3/4/5/6	2/3

Table 6 shows the behaviour of the plant and DHW integration heaters in all the operating modes of the unit.

TABLE 6. INTEGRATION HEATERS OPERATION									
N°	STATUS	OPERATION	PLANT INTEGRATION HEATER				DHW INTEGRATION HEATER		
1	HEAT+SAN	HEAT	Works as indicated in TABLE 1,2,3 and 4.				In "HEAT+SAN", by default sanitary temperature control has priority over that of the plant, therefore if required by the temperature control, the unit goes to "SANITARY" mode and the DHW integration heater acts as indicated in TABLES 1,2,3 and 4.		
2	HEAT+SAN	DHW	Only if all 3 of the following conditions are met: -the output is configured for Plant integration heater; -r24=1/3; -plant water temperature remote probe present and configured; the plant integration heater is activated in the following situations: - r12 minutes after the start of its count activated in "HEAT" mode previously running (see line 1); - if its count is not already activated in the previous "HEAT" mode, r12 minutes after the temperature control demand. - In SANITARY mode, with remote probe not configured, the plant integration heater is deactivated or any of its counts are interrupted. - With "remote on-off" contact open, the Plant integration heater is deactivated.				Works as indicated in TABLES 1,2,3 and 4.		

TABLE 6. INTEGRATION HEATERS OPERATION				
Nº	STATUS	OPERATION	PLANT INTEGRATION HEATER	DHW INTEGRATION HEATER
3	COOL+SAN	DHW	Cannot be activated	Works as indicated in TABLE 5.
4	COOL+SAN	COOL	Cannot be activated	Cannot be activated

## 12.5.4.6 AUXILIARY SYSTEMS OFFSET MANAGEMENT

Lastly you may establish that the boiler and/or integration heaters (according to the resources and selected priorities) have a setpoint in heating mode and in sanitary mode higher than that of the heat pump. This is achieved by setting an offset on the following setpoints:

- **r29** = First setpoint temperature offset for boiler and plant heaters (**G02**);
- **r30** = Second setpoint temperature offset for boiler and plant heater (**G05**);
- **r31** = Temperature offset for boiler and DHW heaters (**G03**);

This way the heat pump stops at the setpoint (**G02**,**G03**,**G05**) and the temperature difference, according to the set outset, will be supplied by the boiler and/or heaters.

## 12.5.5 SYSTEM SEASON

A digital output can be configured indicating the operating season of the unit, plant side. The output is active in summer mode, while it is deactivated in OFF or heating mode. During DHW production and defrosting, the output maintains the setting of the source season.

I/O Resource (Parameter)	Value	Function
DO7 can be activated via H85	31	Plant season warning

## 12.5.6 ALARM

A voltage output can be configured to signal the presence of an alarm.

I/O Resource Parameter	Value	Function
DO7 can be activated via H85	24	Alarm warning

## 12.5.7 DEFROST

A digital output can be configured signalling defrosting in progress.

I/O Resource Parameter	Value	Function
DO7 can be activated via H85	21	Defrost in progress warning

## 12.6 DEFROST CYCLE

The defrost cycle is only active in heat pump mode and is used to prevent the formation of ice on the surface of the air/air coil. The formation of ice on the evaporator, which is quite frequent with very low outdoor temperatures, in addition to considerably downgrading the thermodynamic performance of the unit, also risks damaging the unit itself.

If the unit is switched off by remote control during defrosting, the heat pump finishes defrosting and then places itself in off mode via remote control.

## 12.7 COMPRESSOR CRANKCASE HEATER

The crankcase heater is activated if the compressor has been off for at least 30 minutes and if the discharge temperature is below a certain threshold of 20 °C (with hysteresis of 2.0°C). The crankcase heater is disabled when the compressor starts back up.

## 12.8 DOUBLE SET-POINT

This function introduces a second working set-point on the plant side, both in cooling and heating mode.

The user terminal board allows a consent to be connected to switch from the first to the second set-point and configured at digital input ID9 with parameter **H53 = 26**. The valve, on the other hand, is connected in the terminal board to digital output DO7 and is configured via parameter **H85**.

Parameter	Value	Function
<b>H53</b>	26	Second set-point call
<b>H85</b>	25	3-way valve for radiant panels
	0	Function disabled (default)
	1	Function configured but not active
<b>H129</b>	2	Enabled only in cooling mode
	3	Enabled only in heating mode
	4	Enabled in cooling and heating mode
<b>H138</b>	0	DHW second setpoint function disabled (default)
	1	Enabled the second DHW set point in cooling mode
	2	Enabled the second DHW set point in heating mode
	3	Enabled the second DHW set point in cooling and heating mode

## 12.9 MINIMUM HZ FUNCTIONALITY

Configuring parameter L02=1 and L03≠0 reduces the nominal operating Hz of the compressor.

Parameter	Value	Function
L02	0	Function not active
	1	Enabling minimum Hz
	0	Function not active
	1	Function active only in cooling mode
L03	2	Function active only in heating mode
	3	Function active only in sanitary mode
	4	Function active in cooling and sanitary mode
	5	Function active in heating and sanitary mode
	6	Function active in cooling and heating mode
	7	Function always active

With the function active, the output and power of the unit are limited, for additional information see the installer user manual.

Configuring a digital input ID9 with parameter H53=21, the function can be managed.

Parameter	Value	Function
H53	0 (default)	Function disabled
	21	Open contact -> standard mode Closed contact -> mode Hz min/max

## 12.10 MAXIMUM HZ FUNCTIONALITY

Activating the function increases the power of the unit, please contact us for information.

## 12.11 FLOWMETER

There is a flowmeter in each unit; it has the following characteristics:

Unit	Water measuring range [L/min]	Flow speed [m/s]	Flow rate [L/min]	Power supply [Vdc]	Current consumption without load	DN
0106	3.5 - 50	0,290 - 4,145	0,5 - 150	4,75 - 33	<5mA	15
0109						

Unit	Water measuring range [L/min]	Flow speed [m/s]	Flow rate [L/min]	Power supply [Vdc]	Current consumption without load	DN
0112						
0115						
0118	5,0 - 85	0,265 - 4,509	0,5 - 150	4,75 - 33	<5mA	20

you can read the flow value in L/min from the remote display by pressing Enter -> SYS, and scrolling to S014.

### 13. FUNCTIONS THAT CAN BE ACTIVATED WITH HI-T2 ACCESSORY (OPTIONAL)

This is a touch screen remote control for centralised management of a chiller/heat pump network. It includes humidity and temperature sensors for the thermo hygrometric analysis of the environment and for the management of the double set point for radiant floor heating systems that use a dehumidification system.

The intuitive interface simplifies the use of the controller; all the functions can be easily set through the use of an easy to understand synoptic. The Hi-T remote control allows you to manage the following functions:

- Remote management;
- Management of a network, up to 7 heat pumps;
- Zone thermostat;
- Screed function;
- Antilegionella disinfection;
- Double set-point and humidity measurement;
- Dew point control;
- Climatic compensation;
- Booster circulator management;
- Management of single pump in a network;
- Alarm diagnostic system.

For further information, see the user-installer manual, or contact our headquarters.

### 14. FUNCTIONS THAT CAN BE ACTIVATED WITH GI3 MODULE (OPTIONAL)

The GI3 module is an optional kit which allows you to manage the following functions:

- Booster circulator management with the aid of two room thermostats (not supplied);
- Management of a plant side mixer valve both in heating and cooling mode;
- Solar – thermal integration management.

#### 14.1 I/O RESOURCES OF THE CONTROLLER

The following is the list of I/O (inputs and outputs) that can be set to activate the functions of the controller.

Resource	Parameter	Terminal block XGI	Factory configuration		Description
			Default value	Function	
<b>ST 5E</b>	H27	6.1 / 6.2	0	Not set	Analogue input configurable with an NTC-10KΩ probe at 25°C β 3435
<b>ST 6E</b>	H28	7.1 / 7.2	0	Not set	Analogue input configurable with an NTC-10KΩ probe at 25°C β 3435
<b>ST 7E</b> (activated if ID 8E is not active)	H29	8.1 / 8.2	0	Not set	Analogue input configurable with an NTC-10KΩ probe at 25°C β 3435
<b>ID 8E</b> (activated if ST 7E is not active)			0	Not set	Voltage-free digital input
<b>ID 9E</b>	H63	9.1 / 9.2	0	Not set	Voltage-free digital input
<b>DO 1E</b>	H86	1.1 (phase) 2.2(neutral)	0	Not set	230Vac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1) single-phase live output.
<b>DO 2E</b>	H87	2.1 (phase) 2.2(neutral)	0	Not set	230Vac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1) single-phase live output.
<b>DO 3E</b>	H88	3.1 (phase) 3.2(neutral)	0	Not set	230Vac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1) single-phase live output.
<b>DO 4E</b>	H89	4.1 (phase) 4.2(neutral)	0	Not set	230Vac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1) single-phase live output.
<b>DO 5E</b>	H90	5.1 (phase) 5.2(neutral)	0	Not set	230Vac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1) single-phase live output.

GI3 terminal block

X-5.1		X-5.2				X-5.2		X-5.1
X-4.1		X-4.2				X-4.2		X-4.1
X-3.1		X-3.2				X-3.2		X-3.1
X-2.1		X-2.2				X-2.2		X-2.1
X-1.1		X-1.2				X-1.2		X-1.1
X-9.1		X-9.2				X-9.2		X-9.1
X-8.1		X-8.2				X-8.2		X-8.1
X-7.1		X-7.2				X-7.2		X-7.1
X-6.1		X-6.2				X-6.2		X-6.1

## 14.2 MANAGEMENT OF SECONDARY CIRCULATOR/RELAUNCH PUMP (WITH ROOM THERMOSTAT)

Allows the management of two secondary or booster circulators serving the system.

This allows up to 2 secondary circuits with independent calls, one of which can be low temperature (mixed).

Two digital inputs and outputs are managed.

Resource I/O - Parameter	Value	Function	X terminals
ID9E can be activated via H63	19	Room thermostat 1	9.1 / 9.2
ID8E can be activated via H62	32	Room thermostat 2	8.1 / 8.2
DO5E can be activated via H90	43	Secondary circulator circuit 1	5.1 (phase) 5.2(neutral)
DO4E can be activated via H89	33	Secondary circulator circuit 2	4.1 (phase) 4.2(neutral)

The various scenarios with their configuration are shown below:

Configuration		T.A. 1	T.A. 2	Secondary circulator circuit 1	Secondary circulator circuit 2	Mixing valve configuration (see chapter 14.3 mixing valve management)	Description
1	Single high temperature circuit	DI=19	-	DO=43	-	i06=0 (not enabled)	A.T. contact 1 manages the one room call and consequently activates the booster pump
2	Two independent high temperature circuits	DI=19	DI=32	DO=43	DO=33	i06=0 (not enabled)	The A.T. contact 1 works in the same way as for configuration 1, while the TA2 contact works in call for the output DO=33, which is managed as a booster pump for the secondary circuit 2, which in this configuration is also high temperature like the first.
3	Single mixed circuit	DI=19 or DI=32	-	-	-	i06 > 0 DO=33 etc. (enabled)	Contact T.A.1 works on the low-temperature circuit which is appropriately configured via the parameters of the 'rAd' group. The output DO=33 acts as a booster pump for the mixed circuit.
4	Two independent circuits: first is of the high temperature and second is of the mixing circuit	DI=19	DI=32	DO=43	-	i06 > 0 DO=33 etc. (enabled)	Contact T.A. 1 manages the call for the first secondary circuit at high temperature, activating the relative booster pump. Contact T.A. 2 manages the call for the second secondary circuit at low temperature (activation of DO=33 and relative adjustment of the mixing valve).
5	A high temperature circuit and a mixed circuit	DI=19	-	DO=43	-	i06 > 0 DO=33 etc. (enabled)	The call is handled in parallel for both resources DO=33 and DO=43

With the heat pump in OFF position, the booster circulator will be switched off independently of the thermostat call. If the machine is not equipped with either a remote plant sensor or a secondary circulator, the room thermostat thermoregulation is as follows:

Room call	Compressor thermoregulation	
	b30=0	b30=1
Active	Active	Active
Off ( ambient satisfied)	Compressor start is inhibited for room thermo-regulation (DHW and defrosting not affected by the lockout). If the compressor	Shutdown of active compressors for room thermoregulation is forced (DHW and defrosting not affected)

The secondary circulator is switched off with a delay given by P02 (post-pumping).

## 14.3 MIXER VALVE MANAGEMENT

The mixer valve is regulated by means of specific PID which strives to maintain the delivery temperature of the radiant panel at the set value. The setpoint setting can be found in the 'Set' Menu:

rCoo = Mixer flow temperature setpoint in cooling mode = 15°C (default)

rHea = Mixer flow temperature setpoint in heating mode = 30°C (default)

The resources and the parameters to be setting are the following:

I/O resource - Parameter	Description	Value	Function	X terminals
ST 5E can be activated via H27	Analogue input	44	Mixer probe	1.1 / 1.2
ID9E can be activated via H63	Digital input	19 or 32	Room thermostat 1 or 2	4.1 / 4.2
DO1E can be activated via H86	Voltage output	34	Valve open command	5.1 (phase)/6.2(neutral)
DO2E can be activated via H87	Voltage output	35	Valve close command	5.2 (phase)
DO3E can be activated via H88	Voltage output	33	Mixer pump	7.1 / 7.2
i01	Valve opening time	Recover the value from the technical data supplied installed		
i02	Interval between two interruptions	30 seconds <sup>1</sup>		
i03	PID proportional band	2°C <sup>2</sup>		
i04	PID integral time	300 seconds <sup>3</sup>		
i05	PID derivative time	0 <sup>4</sup>		
i06	Mixer management only active in heating mode	1		
	Mixer management only active in cooling mode	2		
	Mixer management only active in heating and cooling mode	3		
i07	mixing valve in all recirculation inactive, in absence of call	0		
	mixing valve in all recirculation active, in absence of call	1 <sup>5</sup>		

<sup>1</sup>Recommended value. Time interval between one correction and the next.

<sup>2</sup>Recommended value. Intervention area defined by the difference between the setpoint for the mixer flow and the temperature measured by mixing flow probe.

<sup>3</sup>Recommended value. Time taken by the mixing valve to switch from open to closed and vice versa, when the difference between setpoint set for the flow of the mixing valve and the value read by the mixing probe is greater than or equal to proportional band. The more larger this value, the slower the change in approach to the setpoint set for the mixing valve flow.

<sup>4</sup>Derivative component of regulation; use only if you have a good knowledge of regulator logic.

<sup>5</sup>i07=1: in the following cases the mixing valve closes completely:

- with the room thermostat of the low-temperature circuit active, when I change the operating mode of the PDC from Heat (or Cool) to OFF, the DO "Valve close command" is activated for i01 seconds.
- If I open the room thermostat contact of the low-temperature circuit, the DO 'Valve closing command' is activated for i01 seconds.

### 14.3.1 Determination of setpoint

The setpoint on which to perform regulation is given by rCOO or rHEA respectively in cooling and heating mode. If dynamic compensation of the setpoint is enabled (b08=1), then the setpoint will be corrected the same way as the heat pump/chiller.

The maximum and minimum value reached by the compensation are not controlled. Therefore the parameters must be configured so that the setpoints are not brought to unwanted values outside of the allowed work ranges.

### 14.3.2 Mixing pump

The mixing pump (DO3E) switches on when there is a call from the digital input ambient thermostat (ID9E) and switches off with a delay of P02 from the instant the thermostat call ceases.

## 14.4 SOLAR INTEGRATION MANAGEMENT

To enable te function, set S01=1.

Parameter	Description	Value	Function	X terminals
ST6E can be activated via H28	Analogue input	39	Solar storage tank probe	7.1 / 7.2
ST7E can be activated via H29	Analogue input	38	Solar collector probe	8.1 / 8.2
DO3E can be activated via H88	Live output	30	Solar circulator	3.1 (phase) 3.2(neutral)
DO4E can be activated via H89	Live output	45	Solar exhaust valve	4.1 (phase) 4.2(neutral)

#### 14.4.1 Activation of solar circulator

Solar management is also active with the unit off.

The solar circulator is active in both of the following conditions are met:

- The temperature of the solar collector is higher than that defined by parameter **S13** (default 40°C), the solar circulator is activated;
- The temperature difference between the solar collector and that of the solar storage tank is higher than the parameter **S02** (default 6°C).

#### 14.4.2 Collector protection

If the temperature of the collector exceeds parameter **S04** (default 110°C), the solar circulator is periodically on intermittently with the times set in:

- **S05** = time ON (default 15 seconds);
- **S06** = time OFF (default 15 seconds).

As hysteresis to exit the protection condition use **S08** (default 2°C).

This protection is guaranteed even with the machine Off.

#### 14.4.3 Collector overtemperature alarm

If the collector probe exceeds the value of parameter **S12** (default 130°C), there is an alarm condition **E10** which blocks the solar circulator. The hysteresis to return from the alarm condition is given by parameter **S08** (default 2°C).

If an alarm is triggered, operation of the heat pump is guaranteed.

#### 14.4.4 DHW overtemperature alarm

If the temperature of the DHW storage tank exceeds the parameter **S10** (default 80°C), the alarm **E50** is triggered.

The hysteresis to return from the alarm condition is given by parameter **S11** (default 2°C).

If an alarm is triggered, operation of the heat pump is guaranteed.

#### 14.4.5 Solar exhaust valve

If alarms **E10** and **E50** are triggered simultaneously, the solar exhaust valve will be activated.

It is recommended to connect the output of terminals 8.1 (phase) – 8.2 (neutral) to a timed relay to manage the flow of the exhaust valve. If any doubts arise, contact our headquarters.

#### 14.4.6 Disposal of solar tank heat

The solar circulator runs to dissipate excess heat in the storage tank by exploiting the solar collector if both of the following conditions are met:

- The temperature of the DHW storage tank is higher than parameter **S15** (default 60°C);
- The temperature of the solar collector is lower than 35°C (parameter **S13** – parameter **S14**).

The solar collector is off when at least one of the following conditions is met:

- The temperature of the DHW storage tank is lower than parameter **S15** (default 60°C).
- The temperature of the collector exceeds the parameter **S13** (default 40°C), as conditions are no longer in place for proper dissipation of the heat.

#### 14.4.7 Antifreeze

Function active if the parameter **S01** = 1.

If the temperature of the solar collector is lower than parameter **S07** (default 5°C), the solar circulator is activated in antifreeze mode.

This protection is only enabled with the machine Off.

The function is inhibited if the temperature of the DHW storage tank is lower than the value defined in parameter **S16** (default 20°C).

This regulator also works with the unit Off.

Setting the parameter **S01** = 2, the antifreeze function is never active (for example because the solar plant is supplied with glycol).

**Be careful as enabling this function could damage the entire system.**

**Note:**

- Solar integration is NOT managed if the controller of the unit is OFF.
- The remote digital input OFF has no effect on solar management.
- During first ignition, check that the probe of the solar collector measures a temperature lower than 160°C and that this temperature corresponds to that read on the controller of the internal unit.
- Solar circulator live output 230V ac, 50Hz, 2A (AC1).
- For higher absorptions, connect the output to the contactor coil.
- Factory-set parameters for solar management, any other configurations are the responsibility of the user and/or installer. The company excludes any contractual and extra contractual liability for damage caused to persons, animals or objects, by incorrect installation, setting and maintenance, improper use of the equipment, and the partial or superficial reading of the information contained in this manual.

## 15. TABLES OF PERMITTED SETUPS FOR USER AND INSTALLER

**CAUTION**

All the operations with INSTALLER visibility must be carried out by **QUALIFIED PERSONNEL**.

Not all of the configurations can be activated and/or modified at the same time.

Values other than the default values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit. If in doubt on which value to set, contact our headquarters.

The company excludes any contractual and extra contractual liability for damage caused to persons, animals or objects, by incorrect installation, setting and maintenance, improper use of the equipment, and the partial or superficial reading of the information contained in this manual.

We shall not be held liable for any breakage or malfunctioning caused by third parties changing the default parameters if not expressly authorised to do so.

The following is the table of the allowed configurations; not all of them can be selected simultaneously.

Values other than the default values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit. If in doubt on which value to set, contact our headquarters.

Parameter	Description	Unit	Default	Range	Visibility	Allowed configurations:	Notes
						Description	
<b>Coo</b>	First cooling setpoint	°C	7.0	25÷Coo2	U		
<b>Hea</b>	First heating setpoint	°C	45.0	Hea2÷H01	U		
<b>San</b>	Sanitary setpoint	°C	48.0	25÷H01	U		If sanitary function active. See par. 10.2
<b>Coo2</b>	Second cooling setpoint	°C	18.0	Coo÷25	U		
<b>Hea2</b>	Second heating setpoint	°C	35.0	25÷Hea	U		
<b>*rCOO</b>	Mixing valve summer set-point	°C	15.0	-50÷80	I		Config if Gi accessory present
<b>*rHEA</b>	Mixing valve winter setpoint	°C	30.0	-50÷80	I		Config if Gi accessory present
<b>San2</b>	Second sanitary setpoint	°C	45.0	0÷80	I		
<b>H01</b>	Maximum heating setpoint	°C	75.0	-50÷80	I		
<b>H04</b>	Mnimum cooling setpoint	°C	5.0	-50÷80	I		
<b>H10</b>	Sanitary function enabling	/	0	0÷6	I	See par. 10.2	
<b>H17</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST6	/	0	0÷49	I	0 = Input disabled 6 = Domestic hot water probe	
<b>H18</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST7	/	0	0÷49	I	0 = Input disabled 41 = Remote water temperature probe	
<b>*H27</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST5E	/	0	0÷49	I	0 = Input disabled 44 = Mixer probe	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H28</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST6E	/	0	0÷49	I	0 = Input disabled 39 = Solar storage tank probe	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H29</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST7E	/	0	0÷49	I	0 = Input disabled 38 = Solar collector probe	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H30</b>	Input configuration Analogue ST8E	/	0	0÷49	I		Only if Gi accessory present
<b>H46</b>	Input configuration Digital ID2	/	0	0÷32	I	0 = Input disabled 3 = Summer/winter mode change 22=Input SG Ready 1	
<b>H47</b>	Input configuration Digital ID3	/	2	0÷32	I	0 = Input disabled 2 = Remote On / Off	
<b>H53</b>	Input configuration Digital ID9	/	0	0÷32	I	0 = Input disabled 21= Hz min/max remote 23=Input SG Ready 2 25= Silenced version 26 = Double set-point call 28 = DHW thermostat call	
<b>*H60</b>	Input configuration Digital ID6E	/	0	0÷32	I		Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H61</b>	Input configuration Digital ID7E	/	0	0÷32	I		Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H62</b>	Input configuration Digital ID8E	/	0	0÷32	I		Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H63</b>	Input configuration Digital ID9E	/	0	0÷32	I	0 = Input disabled 19 = room thermostat	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>H75</b>	Digital inputs polarity	/	0	0÷255	I	0 = Digital inputs N.A. 1 = ID1 polarity inverted 2 = ID2 polarity inverted 4 = ID3 polarity inverted 8 = ID4 polarity inverted 16 = ID5 polarity inverted 32 = ID6 polarity inverted 64 = ID7 polarity inverted 128 = ID8 polarity inverted	
<b>H76</b>	Digital inputs polarity	/	0	0÷255	I	0 = Digital inputs N.A. 1 = ID9 polarity inverted 2 = ID10 polarity inverted 4 = ID1E1 polarity inverted 8 = ID2E1 polarity inverted 16 = ID3E1 polarity inverted 32 = ID4E1 polarity inverted 64 = ID5E1 polarity inverted 128 = ID6E1 polarity inverted	
<b>H81</b>	Output configuration In DO3 power	/	22	0÷48	I	0 = Output disabled 22 = Plant integration heater 26 = DHW integration heater	
<b>H82</b>	Output configuration In DO4 power	/	14	0÷48		0 = Output disabled = Resistenza scambiatore	
<b>H83</b>	Output configuration In DO5 power	/	28	0÷48		0 = Output disabled = Base frame resistance	
<b>H84</b>	Output configuration In DO6 power	/	6	0÷48	I	0 = Output disabled 6 = DHW valve	

Parameter	Description	Unit	Default	Range	Visibility	Allowed configurations:	Notes
						Description	
<b>H85</b>	Output configuration In DO7 power	/	25	0÷48		0 = Output disabled 25 = Double set-point valve 29 = Boiler enabling 24 = Alarm warning 31 = Summer/winter operating mode warning 21 = Defrost warning 47 = Machine block warning	
<b>*H86</b>	Output configuration In voltage DO1E	/	0	0÷48		0= Output disabled 34= Valve opening command	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H87</b>	Output configuration In voltage DO2E	/	0	0÷48		0= Output disabled 35= Valve closing command	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H88</b>	Output configuration In voltage DO3E	/	0	0÷48		0 = Output disabled 30 = Solar circulator	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H89</b>	Output configuration In voltage DO4E	/	0	0÷48		0 = Output disabled 45 = Solar exhaust valve	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>*H90</b>	Output configuration In voltage DO5E	/	0	0÷48		0 = Output disabled 43 = Secondary circulator	Only if Gi accessory present
<b>H100</b>	Digital output polarity	/		0÷255		0 = Digital inputs N.O. 1 = Inverted polarity of DO1 2 = Reversed polarity of DO2 4 = Reversed polarity of DO3 8 = Reversed polarity of DO4 16 = Reversed polarity of DO5 32 = Reversed polarity of DO6 64 = Reversed polarity of DO7 128 = Reversed polarity of DOE1	To reverse more than one polarity, do the sum of those you want to invert
<b>H101</b>	Digital output polarity	/	0	0÷255		0 = Digital inputs N.A. 1 = Reversed polarity of DO2E 2 = Reversed polarity of DO3E 4 = Reversed polarity of DO4E 8 = Reversed polarity of DO5E 16 = Reversed polarity of DO6E 32 = Reversed polarity of DO7E	To reverse more than one polarity, do the sum of those you want to invert
<b>H124</b>	Serial baud rate	baud	1	0÷3		0= 4800 baud 1= 9600 baud 2= 19200 baud 3= 38400 baud	
<b>H125</b>	Serial parity	/	2	0÷3		0=none parity, 2 stop bits 1=odd parity, 1 stop bit 2=even parity, 1 stop bit 3=none parity, 1stop bit	
<b>H126</b>	Serial address	/	1	0÷200		In the cascade configuration, assign a different address to each controller.	
<b>H129</b>	Enable second setpoint	/	0	0÷4			
<b>H130</b>	Heating with DHW storage tank	/	0	0÷1		0 = Normal operation 1 = In Heating, machine always turned towards DHW	
<b>H136</b>	OFF state deactivation with ID presence ON/OFF remote	/	0	0÷1			
<b>H138</b>	Enabling second set point for DHW	/	0	0÷3		0 = DHW second set point function disabled (default) 1 = Enabled the second domestic set point in cooling mode 2 = Enabled the second DHW set point in heating mode 3 = Enabled the second domestic set point in cooling and heating	
<b>H141</b>	Priority communication channels Modbus	/	1	0÷1		0 = Priority on channel 1 (CN14) 1 = Priority on channel 2 (CN12-N13)	
<b>H142</b>	MODBUS 2 serial baud rate (CN12 - CN13)	/	1	0÷3		0 = 4'800 Baud 1 = 9'600 Baud 2 = 19'200 Baud 3 = 38'400 Baud	
<b>H143</b>	Parity and Stop Bit serial MODBUS	/	2	0÷3		0 = No parity, 2 Stop bits 1 = ODD Parity, 1 Stop Bit 2 = EVEN parity, 1 Stop Bit 3 = No parity, 1 Stop Bit	
<b>H144</b>	Serial address for MODBUS	/	0	0÷127		0 = same address as Serial Mocbus 1 (H126)	
<b>A08</b>	Antifreeze alarm activation setting	°C	3	-127÷127		Different values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit	
<b>b01</b>	Compressor band in cold regulation	°C	2	0,5÷5,0			
<b>b02</b>	Compressor band in hot regulation	°C	2	0,5÷5,0			

Parameter	Description	Unit	Default	Range	Visibility	Allowed configurations:	Notes
						Description	
<b>b03</b>	Offset on sanitary call	°C	4	0÷25,5	I		
<b>b04</b>	Radiant panels valve switching time	sec	30	0÷600	I	Different values can jeopardise proper operation of the unit	
<b>b06</b>	Sanitary valve stroke time	sec	45	0÷255	I		
<b>b08</b>	Enable dynamic setting	/	0	0÷1	I		
<b>b09</b>	Maximum cooling offset	°C	3.0	-50.0÷80.0	I		
<b>b10</b>	Maximum heating offset	°C	-3.0	-50.0÷80.0	I		
<b>b11</b>	Cooling outdoor temperature setting	°C	25	-127÷127	I		
<b>b12</b>	Heating outdoor temperature setting	°C	15	-127÷127	I		
<b>b13</b>	Cooling temperature delta	°C	-10.0	-50.0÷80.0	I		
<b>b14</b>	Heating temperature delta	°C	10.0	-50.0÷80.0	I		
<b>b15</b>	0-10V analogue input setting decalibration band	°C	5.0	0.0÷25.5	I		
<b>b21</b>	System water reversing valve switching time	sec	0	0÷600	I		
<b>b22</b>	Plant probe temperature control cut-off hysteresis	°C	5.0	0.0÷25.5	I		
<b>b24</b>	Maximum ΔT, set for compressors restart	°C	7.0	0.0÷25.5	I		
<b>b25</b>	Compressor cut-on hysteresis	°C	3.0	0.0÷25.5	I		
<b>b30</b>	Enabling compressor switch-off with room call satisfied	-	0	0÷1	I	0 = function disable 1 = function active	
<b>P01</b>	Pump ON compressor ON delay	sec	30	0÷255	I		
<b>P02</b>	Pump OFF compressor OFF delay	min	2.0	0÷25.5	I		
<b>P03</b>	Pump operating mode	/	0	0÷1	I		The pump is always on if the antifreeze heaters are active.
<b>P04</b>	Pump setting in antifreeze	°C	5	-15÷15	I		
<b>P05</b>	Pump hysteresis in antifreeze	°C	2.0	0.0÷15.0	I		
<b>P06</b>	Set delta T water pump in heating	°C	4°C	0÷255	I		
<b>P07</b>	Maximum pump speed	%	100%	65÷100	I		
<b>P08</b>	Minimum pump speed	%	75%	50÷100	I		
<b>P09</b>	Modulating pump inlet/outlet water delta T setting	°C	2.0	0÷15	I		
<b>P16</b>	Interval between 2 periodical activations of the pump	min	0	0÷600	I		
<b>P17</b>	Operating time of the pump in periodical mode	sec	0	0÷255	I		
<b>r02</b>	Antifreeze heaters setpoint in heating mode	°C	4	3÷6	I		Only change in the presence of glycol water. Contact our headquarters.
<b>r03</b>	Antifreeze heaters setpoint in cooling mode	°C	4	3÷6	I		Only change in the presence of glycol water. Contact our headquarters.
<b>r06</b>	Antifreeze heaters delta	°C	2.0	0.0÷25.5	I		Only change in the presence of glycol water. Contact our headquarters.
<b>r08</b>	Operation in substitution upper limit	°C	-20	-20÷50	I	Respect <b>r22 ≥ r28 ≥ r08</b>	Do not modify this value, as it could jeopardise operation of the unit
<b>r09</b>	Hysteresis for heat pump blockage	°C	1,0	0,0÷10,0			
<b>r10</b>	Plant integration enabling	/	0	0÷1	I	0 = Function disabled 1 = Function enabled	
<b>r11</b>	Plant integration heater delta	°C	0.5	0,0÷25.5	I		
<b>r12</b>	Plant/heat pump integration heater activation delay	min	8	0÷255	I		

Parameter	Description	Unit	Default	Range	Visibility	Allowed configurations:	Notes
						Description	
r14	Compressor bypass on system with sanitary heating element active	/	0	0÷1	I	r14 = 1 during activation of the sanitary heating elements is not permitted the use of plant-side compressors is not permitted	
r15	DHW integration enabling	/	0	0÷2	I	0 = Function disabled 1 = Function enabled	
r16	DHW/heat pump integration heater activation delay	min	8	0÷255	I		
r19	Duration of tray heater activation since last defrost	min	8	0÷255	I	0= resistance always active during defrost.	
r21	Enables plant side mitigation with heaters in defrost mode	/	0	0÷1	I	0= Function disabled 1= Function enabled	
r22	Joint operation bracket I upper limit	°C	7	-16÷50	I	Respect <b>r22 ≥ r28 ≥ r08</b>	Do not modify this value, as it could jeopardise operation of the unit
r23	Type of use of boiler	/	0	0÷8	I		
r24	Type of use of integration heaters	/	3	0÷3	I		
r25	Disinfection setpoint	°C	80	0÷100	I		
r26	Disinfection duration	min	12	0÷255	I		
r27	Heat pump setpoint in disinfection	°C	55.0	-500÷800	I		
r28	Joint operation bracket II upper limit	°C	-7	-16÷50	I	Respect r22 ≥ r28 ≥ r08	Do not modify this value, as it could jeopardise operation of the unit
r29	First setpoint temperature offset for boiler and plant heaters (HEA)	°C	0	0÷100	I		
r30	Second setpoint temperature offset for boiler and plant heater (HEA2)	°C	0	0÷100	I		
r31	Temperature offset for boiler and DHW heaters (SAN)	°C	0	0÷100	I		
r32	Boiler supply	/	0	0÷3	I		
r33	Pump management with heaters active	/	3	0÷3	I		
r34	Disinfection day	/	0	0÷7	U	0 =Disabled 1 =Monday 2 =Tuesday 3 =Wednesday 4 =Thursday 5 =Friday 6 =Saturday 7 = Sunday	
r35	Disinfection time (minute of the day)	/	0	0÷1439	U		
r36	Anti-loop time on sanitary operation	min	0	0÷255	I		Control to prevent the machine remain in sanitary production indefinitely because does not reach the set point. Control active if parameter R36 is different from 0. In this case, the time of r36 is counted since the compressor started to work in the DHW mode. If the production of the DHW is not finished within r36 minutes, then you exit forced out of sanitary production.
r37	Boiler operation in cooling + DHW mode	/	1	0÷2	I	0 = Boiler not used 1 = Boiler used in integration 2 = Boiler does DHW and PDC does plant.	
r38	Heat pump blockage threshold for high T	°C	35	-127÷127	I		

Parameter	Description	Unit	Default	Range	Visibility	Allowed configurations:	
						Description	Notes
<b>r39</b>	Heat pump blockage threshold for high Text in heat	°C	46	-127÷127			
<b>d04</b>	Defrost output pressure	bar	18.0	-500÷800			
<b>d08</b>	Minimum time between defrost and next	min	35	0÷255			
<b>l02</b>	User enablement for min. Hz function	/	0	0÷1			
<b>l03</b>	Active min. Hz	/	7	0÷7			
<b>s01</b>	Solar thermal enabling	/	0	0÷2			
<b>s02</b>	Solar ΔT	°C	0	0÷25.5			
<b>s03</b>	Solar hysteresis	°C	0	0÷25.5			
<b>s04</b>	Maximum solar temperature	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>s05</b>	Pump on time in maximum solar temperature	sec	0	0÷255			
<b>s06</b>	Pump off time in max. solar temp	sec	0	0÷255			
<b>s07</b>	Solar antifreeze set	°C	0	-127÷127			
<b>s08</b>	Solar antifreeze hysteresis	°C	0	0÷25.5			
<b>s09</b>	Constant for calculating solar power output	/	0	0÷999			
<b>s10</b>	Maximum solar DHW storage temperature threshold	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>s11</b>	Solar sanitary hysteresis	°C	0	0÷25.5			
<b>s12</b>	Solar collector overfill alarm threshold	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>s13</b>	Minimum temperature threshold collector for activation solar	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>s14</b>	Hysteresis for sanitary cooling	°C	0	0÷25.5			
<b>s15</b>	Sanitary cooling threshold	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>s16</b>	Minimum temperature threshold collector anti-freeze storage	°C	0	0÷255			
<b>*i01</b>	Valve opening time	sec	0	0÷600			
<b>*i02</b>	Interval between two corrections	sec	0	0÷600			
<b>*i03</b>	PID proportional band		0	0÷80.0			
<b>*i04</b>	PID integral time	sec	0	0÷2000			
<b>*i05</b>	PID derivative time	sec	0	0÷25.5			
<b>*i06</b>	Radiant panel configuration	/	0	0÷3			
<b>*i07</b>	mixing valve in all recirculation, when no call is made	/	0	0÷1			
<b>Ac09</b>	Flow-meter minimum water flow rate	l/min	0.0	0÷100			
<b>Ac10</b>	Flowmeter outlet at the minimum flow rate	Volt	0.0	0÷100			
<b>Ac11</b>	Maximum flowmeter flow rate (0106, 0109)	l/min	50.0	0÷800		See par. "Flowmeter"	
	Maximum flowmeter flow rate (0112, 0115, 0118)		85.0	0÷800			
<b>Ac12</b>	Flow meter outlet at the maximum flow rate	Volt	0.0	0÷100			

(\*) If Gi module is present GI3

## 16. ALARMS

By placing the controller in OFF mode, the alarms reset and the counts of the relative hour interventions are also reset. If the alarms are still triggered when switching the unit back on, contact technical assistance. The values indicated below could be subject to updates. If you have any doubts, contact our headquarters.

### 16.1 [E006] FLOWMETER

The water side flowmeter is already installed inside the unit and MUST NOT be tampered with or bypassed in any way. The flow switch is bypassed for 10 seconds after the unit is switched on. When the bypass time has elapsed, you must evaluate the status of the digital input, if active, the flow is considered present.

If the flow is found to be missing for **5 seconds**, the alarm is triggered and the circulator switches on for **120 seconds**. If the alarm triggers more than 3 times an hour, it must be reset manually.

The alarm does not trigger in the following conditions:

- During domestic hot water production;
- During the plant venting cycle function.

## 16.2 [E018] HIGH-TEMPERATURE

If the water delivery probe detects a value higher than **65°C** for longer than **50 seconds**, the alarm is active only in chiller mode. It deactivates when the temperature returns below **62°C**.

## 16.3 [E020] INCONGRUENT PRESSURES

For compressor enabled for more than **150 seconds**, the suction pressure probe detect a pressure higher than the condensation pressure probe, the alarm displayed is **E020**. The alarm is not resettable (it is necessary to cut the power supply to eliminate the alarm). This alarm is not in defrosting mode.

## 16.4 [E005] ANTIFREEZE

If the outlet water probe has a value lower than **A08 (3°C)**, the alarm is active. It deactivates if the temperature recorded by the probe is higher than **+6°C**. The alarm is bypassed for **120 seconds** from switch on in heating mode.

## 16.5 [E611÷E681] PROBE ALARMS

The alarm is triggered if any connected or enabled probe is short-circuited or interrupted.

The alarm also triggers if the upper limit (**100°C**) or the lower limit (**-50°C**) of the probes is exceeded. A probe figured as sanitary probe will not trigger any alarms if domestic hot water is not enabled.

**NOTE:**

If the pressure switch on the machine detects a pressure exceeding **30,5 bar** the driver and the compressor are powered off and probe error E641 is displayed (Compressor discharge probe fault).

The alarm is cleared when the pressure drops below **23 bar**.

## 16.6 [E801] TIMEOUT INVERTER

When the machine's controller does not communicate with the driver board of the compressor, a timeout alarm is triggered to avoid losing control of the system.

## 16.7 [E801 ÷E981] INVERTER

Inverter alarms are indicated in the section 'Alarm Table Utility Block'.

NB: alarm E981 "Inverter high pressure":

- alarm intervention up to 3 times in one hour: resets automatically after pressure switch reset (after 140 seconds for sizes 106, 109 and 112, after 30 seconds for sizes 115 and 118).
- requires a manual reset if it trips more than 3 times in one hour.

## 16.8 [E00] REMOTE ON/OFF (WARNING)

If the unit is controlled by a remote digital input. See par. 10.4.1

## 16.9 [E001] HIGH-PRESSURE

If the pressure transducer on the unit detects a pressure higher than **30,3 bar** the alarm is triggered.

In this case the compressor is blocked immediately. The alarm is reset when the pressure drops below **21,3 bar**. If the alarm triggers more than 3 times an hour, it must be reset manually.

## 16.10 [E002] LOW-PRESSURE

In chiller mode, if the pressure transducer on the unit detects a pressure lower than **1,7 bar**, the alarm is triggered.

In heat pump mode, if the pressure transducer on the unit detects a pressure lower than **0,7 bar**, the alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the pressure rises **2,0 bar** above the triggering threshold.

A bypass time of 60 seconds is counted every time the compressor is activated.

When the alarm is triggered, it blocks the compressors of the circuit. The alarm is reset manually if it triggers 3 times an hour.

## 16.11 [E008] DRIVER LIMITATION

If the compressor does not reach the speed at the intended ramp value within **30 minutes**, the alarm is triggered and the compressor switches off for safety purposes.

The alarm is reset manually if it triggers 3 times an hour.

## 16.12 [E041] 4-WAY VALVE

Manually reset alarm, it identifies malfunctioning of the 4-way reversing valve.

The alarm does not trigger for a bypass time of approximately 180 seconds from start-up of the compressor.

- In heating and sanitary mode, the alarm is triggered when, the bypass time having elapsed, the water delivery temperature is lower than the water return temperature of the heat pump - **1°C**.
- In cooling mode, the alarm is triggered when, the bypass time having elapsed, the water delivery temperature is higher than the water return temperature of the heat pump + **1°C**.

## 16.13 POWER FAILURE

When restored:

- the instrument goes back to the condition it was in prior to the power failure
- if a defrost cycle is in progress, it is cancelled
- all of the timers in progress are cancelled and reinitialized

## 16.14 UTILITIES BLOCK ALARM TABLE

Code	DESCRIPTION	Block
<b>E00</b>	Remote off	Machine
<b>E001</b>	High pressure alarm	Machine
<b>E002</b>	Low pressure alarm	Machine
<b>E005</b>	Antifreeze alarm	Machine
<b>E006</b>	Flow alarm	Machine
<b>E008</b>	Forced compressor shutdown for lack of lubrication	Machine
<b>E009</b>	Discharge high temperature alarm	Machine
<b>E010</b>	Solar collector high temperature alarm	Solar pump
<b>E018</b>	Cooling high temperature alarm	Machine
<b>E020</b>	Inverted transducers pressure alarm	Machine/sanitary
<b>E041</b>	Incongruent temperature alarm	Machine
<b>E050</b>	DHW storage tank high temperature alarm	-
<b>E101</b>	Communication timeout with Slave 1	Machine
<b>E611</b>	Water inlet probe failure	Machine
<b>E621</b>	Water outlet probe failure	Machine
<b>E631</b>	Compressor intake probe failure	Machine
<b>E641</b>	Compressor discharge probe fault / high pressure switch trip	Machine
<b>E651</b>	Outdoor air probe failure	Machine
<b>*E652</b>	Mixer probe failure	Machine
<b>E661</b>	DHW probe failure	Machine
<b>*E662</b>	Solar storage tank probe failure	Machine
<b>E671</b>	Plant remote probe failure	Machine
<b>*E672</b>	Solar collector probe failure	Machine
<b>E691</b>	Low pressure transducer failure	Machine
<b>E701</b>	High pressure probe failure	Machine
<b>E711</b>	Voltage input failure 0-10V DC	Machine
<b>E801</b>	Inverter timeout	Compressor
<b>E821</b>	IPM module overcurrent	Compressor
<b>E831</b>	PFC module overheating	Compressor
<b>E841</b>	Inverter abnormal voltage DC Bus side	Compressor
<b>E851</b>	Inverter Hardware problem	Compressor
<b>E861</b>	Inverter current too high	Compressor
<b>E871</b>	High temperature IPM module	Compressor
<b>E881</b>	Supply voltage out of limits	Compressor
<b>E891</b>	One or more compressor supply phases absent	Compressor
<b>E901</b>	Inverter model error	Compressor
<b>E911</b>	Inverter overload error	Compressor
<b>E921</b>	Inverter PFC module overcurrent	Compressor
<b>E931</b>	Internal communication error	Compressor
<b>E941</b>	PFC model fault	Compressor
<b>E951</b>	Inverter board probe error	Compressor
<b>E961</b>	Abnormal condition	Compressor
<b>E971</b>	EEPROM error	Compressor
<b>E981</b>	High pressure inverter	Compressor

(\*) If Gi module present

## 17. MODBUS VARIABLES

The controller is configured as follows by default:

BAUD RATE	9600
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PARITY	EVEN
DATA BIT	8
STOP BIT	1
DEVICE ID	1

To configure the Modbus communication according to your requirements, you must modify the following logs:

H124 : BAUD RATE	
0	4800
1	9600
2	19200
3	38400

H125 : PARITY, STOP BIT	
0	NONE, 2 bit
1	ODD, 1 bit
2	EVEN, 1 bit
3	NONE, 1 bit

H126 : DEVICE ID	1 ÷ 200

Modbus commands:

READING	HOLDING REGISTER
WRITING	6-16

Register	Format	Bit	R/W	Range	Name	Description	Note	
1	INT	-	R	-	Firmware information	Firmware versione		
2	INT	-	R	-		Firmware release		
3	BYTE (H)	-	R	-		Firmware sub-release		
	BYTE (L)	-	R	-		Firmware creation day		
4	BYTE (H)	-	R	-		Firmware creation month		
	BYTE (L)	-	R	-		Firmware creation year		
80 ÷ 97	ASCII	-	R	-	Serial number	Registration number		
444	INT	-	R	0 ÷ 800	Water flow rate			
1089	INT	-	R/W	1 ÷ 200	Serial address	Modbus serial ID		
200	INT	-	R	-	Machine settings	(0) Stand by	Reading values of the machine status	
		-	R	-		(1) Cooling		
		-	R	-		(2) Heating		
		-	R	-		(4) Only sanitary mode <sup>1</sup>		
		-	R	-		(5) Cooling + Sanitary <sup>1</sup>		
		-	R	-		(6) Cooling + Sanitary <sup>1</sup>		
7201	BIT MASK	0	R/W	-	Setpoint	Enablement of writing the machine status remotely	Necessary for the operation of the reg. 7200.	
7200	INT	-	W	-		(0) Stand by	The writing values that are not allowed at this address can lead to unexpected operations, so keep only those values that are allowed in writing.	
		-	W	-		(1) Cooling		
		-	W	-		(2) Heating		
		-	W	-		(4) Only sanitary <sup>1</sup>		
		-	W	-		(5) Cooling + Sanitary <sup>1</sup>		
		-	W	-		(6) Heating + Sanitary <sup>1</sup>		
7201	BIT MASK	1	R/W	-		Enablement of writing the machine status remotely	Necessary for the operation of the reg. 7203/7208.	
7203	°C/10	-	R/W	5.0 ÷ 23.0		Cooling		
7204	°C/10	-	R/W	25.0 ÷ 55.0-		Heating		
7205	°C/10	-	R/W	25.0 ÷ 55.0		Santary		
7206	°C/10	-	R/W	5.0 ÷ 23.0		Second cooling		
7207	°C/10	-	R/W	25.0 ÷ 55.0		Second heating		
7208	°C/10	-	R/W	0.0 ÷ 80.0		DHW preparer		
7201	BIT MASK	2	R/W	-	Second setpoint	Enabling the switching to the second setpoint	Necessary for the operation of bit 0 of reg. 7202.	
7202	BIT MASK	0	W	-		0=primary setpoints, 1=secondary setpoint	Writing value	
7217	BIT MASK	0	R	-		0=primary setpoints, 1=secondary setpoint	Reading value	
7201	BIT MASK	3	R/W	-	Room temperature call	Enablement of remote room call writing	Necessary for the operation of bit 1 of reg. 7202.	
7202	BIT MASK	1	R/W	-		Forced room temperature call remotely		
7201	BIT MASK	4	R/W	-	Sanitary call	Enablement of remote sanitary call writing	Necessary for the operation of bit 1 of reg. 7202.	
7202	BIT MASK	2	R/W	-		Forced remote sanitary mode call		
7201	BIT MASK	5	R/W	-	Anti-Legionella <sup>2</sup>	Enablement of anti-legionella cycle remotely	Necessary for the operation of bit 3 of reg. 7202.	
7202	BIT MASK	3	R/W	-		Remote anti-legionella cycle request activation	The bit must be 1 for the entire cycle period.	
7216	BIT MASK	5	R	-		Anti-legionella cycle in progress		
		6				Anti-legionella cycle failed or stopped	It remains at 1 until the next cycle, or it resets itself when the board is turned off.	
7202	BIT MASK	5	R/W	-	Plant air-vent	Forced plant air-vent	Only if the machine is in Stand By (0).	

Register	Format	Bit	R/W	Range	Name	Description	Note	
7202	BIT MASK	6	R/W	-	Sanitary disablig	Sanitary call prohibition (without exiting from the actual mode + SAN function)	Active only if the setting of bit 3 is 7201 (when the room temp. call is also managed remotely).	
7202	BIT MASK	7	R/W	-	Defrosting	Forced defrosting	Only if the machine is in heating (2-6).	
7214	BIT MASK	13	R	-		Defrosting on call		
		14				Defrosting in progress		
305	ora	-	R	-	Operating hours	Compressor 1		
307	ora	-	R	-		Compressor 2		
309	ora	-	R	-		Compressor 3		
313	ora	-	R	-		Compressor 1 circuit 2		
315	ora	-	R	-		Compressor 2 circuit 2		
317	ora	-	R	-		Compressor 3 circuit 2		
253	°C/10	-	R	-		Evaporation		
254	°C/10	-	R	-		Condensation		
626	°C/10	-	R	-		Evaporation circuit 2		
627	°C/10	-	R	-		Condensation circuit 2		
400	°C/10	-	R	-	Temperature trans-ducer	Water inlet		
401	°C/10	-	R	-		Water outlet		
405	°C/10	-	R	-		DHW		
422	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor inhalation		
428	°C/10	-	R	-		Outdoor		
433	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor discharge 1		
434	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor discharge 2		
435	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor discharge 3		
437	°C/10	-	R	-		Solar collector		
438	°C/10	-	R	-		Solar accumulation		
440	°C/10	-	R	-		Plant remote		
443	°C/10	-	R	-		Radiant panels mixing delivery		
447	°C/10	-	R	-		DHW preparer recirculation		
20422	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressors inhalation (circuit 2)		
20433	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor 1 discharge (circuit 2)		
20434	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor 2 discharge (circuit 2)		
20435	°C/10	-	R	-		Compressor 3 discharge (circuit 2)		
406	bar/100	-	R	-	Pressions <sup>3</sup>	High pressure		
414	bar/100	-	R	-		Low pressure		
20406	bar/100	-	R	-		Circuit 2 high pressure		
20414	bar/100	-	R	-		Circuit 2 low pressure		
7000	%/10	-	R	-		Condensation fan		
7001	%/10	-	R	-	Analogue output	Circulating pump		
628	%/10	-	R	-		Condensation fan circuit 2		
950	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	High pressure	E001	
		1				Low pressure	E002	
		2				Compressor thermal protection	E003	
		3				Fan thermal protection	E004	
		4				Frost	E005	
		5				Lack of flow	E006	
		6				DHW preparer low temperature	E007	
		7				Lack of lubrication	E008	
		8				High discharge temperature of Cp1	E009	
		9				Solar collector at high temperature	E010	
		11				Generic blocking	E012	
		12				Compressor 2 thermal protection	E013	
		13				Fan 2 thermal protection	E014	
		15				Pump thermal protection	E016	

Register	Format	Bit	R/W	Range	Name	Description	Note
951	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Faulty boiler	E017
		1				High temperature	E018
		2				High discharge temperature of Cp2	E019
		3				Inverted pressure transducers	E020
		6				Compressor 3 thermal protection	E023
		7				Fan 3 thermal protection	E024
		8				Outside temperature out of limits	E025
		9				Pump 2 thermal protection	E026
		10				Generic warning	E040
		11				Incongruent temperatures	E041
		12				Poor heat exchange DHW	E042
		13				DHW accumulation tank in high temperature	E050
		14				I/O module 1 disconnected	E101
		15				I/O module 2 disconnected	E102
952	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Probe 1 error	E611
		1				Probe 2 error	E621
		2				Probe 3 error	E631
		3				Probe 4 error	E641
		4				Probe 5 error	E651
		5				Probe 6 error	E661
		6				Probe 7 error	E671
		7				Probe 8 error	E681
		8				Probe 9 error	E691
		9				Probe 10 error	E701
		10				Probe 11 error	E711
		11				Module 1 probe 1 error	E612
		12				Module 1 probe 2 error	E622
		13				Module 1 probe 3 error	E632
		14				Module 1 probe 4 error	E642
		15				Module 1 probe 5 error	E652
953	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Module 1 probe 6 error	E662
		1				Module 1 probe 7 error	E672
		2				Module 1 probe 8 error	E682
		3				Module 1 probe 9 error	E692
		4				Module 1 probe 10 error	E702
		5				Module 1 probe 11 error	E712
		6				Module 2 probe 1 error	E613
		7				Module 2 probe 2 error	E623
		8				Module 2 probe 3 error	E633
		9				Module 2 probe 4 error	E643
		10				Module 2 probe 5 error	E653
		11				Module 2 probe 6 error	E663
		12				Module 2 probe 7 error	E673
		13				Module 2 probe 8 error	E683
		14				Module 2 probe 9 error	E693
		15				Module 2 probe 10 error	E703

Register	Format	Bit	R/W	Range	Name	Description	Note
954	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Module 2 probe 11 error	E713
		1				Link inverter 1	E801
		2				Link inverter 2	E802
		3				Link inverter 3	E803
		4				Hardware fault inverter 1	E851
		5				Hardware fault inverter 2	E852
		6				Hardware fault inverter 3	E853
		7				Overcurrent inverter 1	E861
		8				Overcurrent inverter 2	E862
		9				Overcurrent inverter 3	E863
		10				High temperature inverter 1	E871
		11				High temperature inverter 2	E872
		12				High temperature inverter 3	E873
		13				Bad voltage inverter 1	E881
		14				Bad voltage inverter 2	E882
		15				Bad voltage inverter 3	E883
955	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Phase sequence inverter 1	E891
		1				Phase sequence inverter 2	E892
		2				Phase sequence inverter 3	E893
		3				Model error inverter 1	E901
		4				Model error inverter 2	E902
		5				Model error inverter 3	E903
		6				Overload error inverter 1	E911
		7				Overload error inverter 2	E912
		8				Overload error inverter 3	E913
		9				Overcurrent PFC inverter 1	E921
		10				Overcurrent PFC inverter 2	E922
		11				Overcurrent PFC inverter 3	E923
		12				Internal communication error inverter 1	E931
		13				Internal communication error inverter 2	E932
		14				Internal communication error inverter 3	E933
		15				Fault PFC inverter 1	E941
956	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	Fault PFC inverter 2	E942
		1				Fault PFC inverter 3	E943
		2				Probe error inverter 1	E951
		3				Probe error inverter 2	E952
		4				Probe error inverter 3	E953
		5				Abnormal condition inverter 1	E961
		6				Abnormal condition inverter 2	E962
		7				Abnormal condition inverter 3	E963
		8				Inverter 1 EEPROM error	E971
		9				Inverter 2 EEPROM error	E972
		10				Inverter 3 EEPROM error	E973
		11				High discharge temperature of Cp3	E029
		12				Anti-legionella performed correctly	E060
		13				Anti-legionella failed or stopped	E061
957	BIT MASK	7	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	High pressure inverter 1	E981
		8				Alta pressione inverter 2	E982
		9				Alta pressione inverter 3	E983
		10				DC inverter fan motor error 1	E811
		11				DC inverter fan motor error 2	E812
		12				DC inverter fan motor error 3	E813
		13				IPM inverter module overcurrent 1	E821
		14				IPM inverter module overcurrent 2	E822
		15				IPM inverter module overcurrent 3	E823

Register	Format	Bit	R/W	Range	Name	Description	Note
958	BIT MASK	0	R	-	Alarms <sup>4 5</sup>	PFC inverter module overheating 1	E831
		1				PFC inverter module overheating 2	E832
		2				PFC inverter module overheating 3	E833
		3				DC inverter bus voltage failure 1	E841
		4				DC inverter bus voltage failure 2	E842
		5				DC inverter bus voltage failure 3	E843

<sup>1)</sup> if enabled<sup>2)</sup> the cycle is activated only if the DHW (4-5-6) status is terminated by the machine.<sup>3)</sup> if the read value is equal to 32766 the probe is not configured, if 32767 the probe is faulty.<sup>4)</sup> reset alarms, write the value 0 with the command 6 on any of the registers of the alarms area.<sup>5)</sup> the alarms of circuit 2 are mapped in the same way with an offset of 20000 (e.g. 20950).

Restart control, write with command 6 the value -3856 (without sign 61680) to register 200, only with compressor stopped.



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